

# Railroad Man, in Jealousy, Slays Wife and Stepdaughter

ONE CENT  
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# Oakland Tribune.

LAST EDITION

VOL. LXXXII. WEATHER—Oakland and vicinity: Fair tonight and Tuesday; continued warm; light N. wind.

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 28, 1914.

22 PAGES

NO. 39.

## AUSTRIAN RIGHT IS DRIVEN BACK

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# PRUSSIAN GUARD IS CUT TO PIECES

## JEALOUS, HE KILLS HIS FAMILY

Believing Wife Untrue, Man Shoots Her and Daughter

Leaving Bodies in the House He Surrenders to Police

Harry E. Dale, a railroad switchman, last night shot and killed his wife, Elvira Dale, and his stepdaughter, Myrtle Dale, at their home, 520 Lewis Street, and then went to the police station and surrendered himself. Dale told the police that he had killed his wife because she was unfaithful to him and had taken his stepdaughter's life because she "stood in" with her mother.

Dale, named George Hart, a cook, as the man he believed had broken up his home. He told Lieutenant William F. Wood that several months ago he returned home suddenly and found Hart in the house with his wife, and that since that time he has seen the man lurking about the place.

SHOOTS GIRL FIRST.

Dale went to a fire in the neighborhood last night, and on returning home, thought he heard someone escaping from the rear part of the house. His suspicions were immediately aroused. He went to his room, got his revolver, and first entered the room of his stepdaughter. He shot the girl, according to his confession, while she lay in bed. It is thought that she was asleep when he shot her. Powder burns showed that the revolver had been held close to her head.

Dale, who was in another bed, heard the shot and rushed into the room. She had hardly stepped across the threshold of her daughter's room when Dale leveled his revolver at her and fired. She fell face forward on the floor.

Friends and relatives of Mrs. Dale declare that her husband's suspicions were unwarranted. They declare that Dale was a heavy drinker and that he threatened his wife's life on several occasions, and abused her.

HE SURRENDERS.

After firing the shots which brought instant death to the two women, Dale changed his clothes and hastened to the police station, where he asked for Inspector Thomas Wood, whom he knew personally. Wood was off duty, and after waiting a few minutes Dale

(Continued on Page 5, Cols. 1-2)

## LINCOLN BEACHY FLIES OVER CAPITOL WHILE WILSON WATCHES ACT

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Lincoln Beachy, in an airplane, looped the loop four times today over the dome of the capitol while President Wilson watched the performance from a White House window.

Beachy then finished the performance by turning two loops over the White House, and then more loops, flying low over the business section of the city, while government officials and thousands of spectators held their breaths.

Believing Wife Untrue, Man Shoots Her and Daughter

## MEXICANS ON MAYTORENA'S TRAIL

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—General Funston reported today that Zapata had protested to him against the evacuation of Vera Cruz and delivery of the city to Carranza forces.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 28.—The message from Villa requesting Carranza to resign as supreme chief of the constitutionalists in favor of Ferdinand Calderon reached Carranza here last night. It was signed by Villa and several of his chiefs, including fourteen generals, four colonels and several doctors, lawyers and prominent constitutionalists. The press here is making no comment on the Villa-Carranza break, probably because of instructions from the administration.

General Carranza has signified his willingness not to become a candidate if Villa would give a similar promise, and if all the military leaders of the revolution could also be eliminated as possibilities.

None of the others have appeared as candidates. Villa's assurances were regarded here as portending a peaceful end of the rupture with Carranza. The final retirement of Carranza and the assumption of the provisional presidency by Fernando Calderon could also be eliminated as possibilities.

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(Continued on Page 4, Col. 6)

## WOMAN NAMED ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Mrs. Annie Abbott Adams of San Francisco was appointed today Assistant United States Attorney there. She is the first woman in the United States to occupy such a position. Representative Baker of California declared he considered the appointment a recognition of woman's suffrage.

HER LEGAL CAREER.

Mrs. Adams is a partner of Miss Margaret Ogden, daughter of Superior Judge Ogden of Oakland, and has been engaged in the general practice of law for more than a year, with offices in the Monadnock Building, San Francisco. She has been more than ordinarily successful, has handled many cases for men as well as women. Much of her practice has been in the Federal Court.

On one occasion, United States District Judge Dooling, in showing leniency to a prisoner, announced publicly that the able manner in which Mrs. Adams had defended him and her plea in his behalf was responsible for the clemency granted.

Soon after John W. Preston was appointed United States attorney by President Wilson, he recommended Mrs. Adams as an assistant in his office. There was grave objection at Washington and it was feared that a bad precedent would be established by appointing a woman to such a

## BELGIANS DEFEND ANTWERP

## JAPANESE OPERATIONS ARE AIMED TOWARD CAPTURE OF GERMAN RAILWAY TOWNS

By Associated Press.

PEKIN, Monday, Sept. 28, 1:05 a. m.—The Chinese government has received an official telegram from Wei Hsien stating that 300 Japanese cavalrymen have started westward along the railway.

The Chinese, it is said, believed the Japanese intend to capture all the railroad stations on the line, including that of Tsing-Tau, the western terminus.

The Japanese legation says that the legation has not been informed by Tokio of the reason for taking over the railway.

A correspondent at Wei Hsien sends the following, under date of September 28:

"The Japanese have gone to the west along the railway, leaving thirty guards on the Wei Hsien station. The city is crowded with soldiers, who are quartered in homes, causing terror to the families. The gentry have sent numerous presents to the Japanese, fearing forced levies. The discipline in both armies here is good."

The levies referred to by the correspondent are probably not monetary, but in the nature of provisions.

The Japanese legation announces that Japanese troops, after fighting on Saturday and Sunday, occupied a position within seven and one-half miles of Tsing-Tau, the seat of government of Kiau-Chow, the German leased possession in China.

A German report, undated, but evidently having to do with the same engagement, says that the Germans retired only from their outpost positions, falling back on the first line defenses of the city.

An earlier dispatch from Tokio said that the Japanese had had a successful engagement with the Germans on the outskirts of Tsing-Tau.

A German dispatch received here from Tsing-Tau, which probably came from Tsing-Tau, in the Kiau-Chow territory, by wireless telegraphy, confirms closely the report given out at the Japanese legation. The German dispatch relates that the German outposts after several encounters with the enemy retired to the first line of defense beyond the villages of Tding-Kow and Li Tsun.

It is apparent that the German lines follow the highlands and are avoiding the lowlands bordering on Kiau-Chow bay.

JAPANESE ATTACK CONTINUES.

By Associated Press.

TOKIO, Sept. 28.—The Japanese land attack on the outskirts of Tsing-Tau, seat of government of the German concession of Kiau-Chow, began on September 26 and is still continuing, according to an official announcement. So far as can be ascertained the casualties of the attacking forces total 312. The Japanese aeroplanes have been most successful in reconnoitering expeditions and thus far have escaped undamaged.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Assurances from General Villa that he will not be a candidate for president or vice-president of

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 6)

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for Purloining Sign

BERKELEY, Sept. 28.—Putting into effect the recent edict against students purloining signs and other articles, Patrolman Greening this morning arrested Joseph H. Ehlers, a graduate student of the university. Ehlers had under his arm at the time he was arrested a street car sign taken from a Berkeley car on which was "Hand concert today, 2:30 o'clock, Lakeside Park."

Ehlers was charged with petty larceny and at the hearing on his case before Judge Edgar he was severely reprimanded by the court, but sentence was suspended. Ehlers is a bachelor of science, a graduate of Trinity College last spring and a resident of Hartford, Conn., until his coming to Berkeley at the beginning of this semester.

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WOMAN TRIAL UPON MURDER CHARGE SET

MINEOLA, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The indictment charging her with the murder of Mrs. Louise Bailey at the Freeport last June, will begin on Monday, October 12, at a special session of the Supreme Court. District Attorney Smith was so notified this afternoon by the appellate division.

Mrs. Adams has never held office, and has never been a candidate for office, although during the Wilson campaign she was president of the Women's State Democratic Club. She declined to make any statement today until she had been officially informed of her appointment.

RECOMMENDED BY PRESTON.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—Mrs. Annie Abbott Adams is the widowed daughter of Abram D. Abbott, a pioneer of 1849. She was graduated from the University of California in 1904, took a doctor's degree in law in 1912, and the same year was admitted to the bar.

At first she practiced in Yuba county, but in 1913 came to San Francisco and opened offices in partnership with Miss Marguerite Ogden, daughter of Judge Ogden of Oakland, and has been engaged in the general practice of law for more than a year, with offices in the Monadnock Building, San Francisco. She has been more than ordinarily successful, has handled many cases for men as well as women. Much of her practice has been in the Federal Court.

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# AUSTRIANS FORTIFY PORTS AND FRONTIERS

## KAISER, AT FRONT, LEADING ATTACK, IS REPORT FROM PARIS

(Continued from Page 1)

miles east of Ghent. In the latter locality the heavy German artillery became stuck in the mud and the Germans were obliged to retire before the attacks of the Belgians. It is confirmed, says the dispatch, that the Germans are fortifying Liege.

### Germans in Terrific Charge With Bayonets Fail to Hold Allies

By Associated Press. PARIS, Sept. 28, 6:20 a.m.—Prolongation of the tension on the two long lines of fire and death fronting each other on the Aisne must have become insupportable to the Germans, since reports indicate that they have changed their tactics and attacked with the bayonet. The opinion is expressed here that General Joffre's "master hand" is shown in this, as it is believed he has succeeded in pushing his lines inside the range of the deadly heavy German guns and forced the enemy to hand-to-hand fighting.

Since the attacks have been repulsed over the whole line, according to the official communications, the military experts here cannot see now what resources the Germans can call on to retrieve their fortunes. **BATTLE REACHES CRISIS.** The Matin expresses the opinion that the new troops the allies found fronting them on the left were not from the German left, but were part of the forces detached after Charleroi and sent to East Prussia, but now brought back in haste. The general opinion is that the battle has reached the most critical, as well as the most violent, phase, and that the issue cannot be delayed much longer.

The losses of the last few days on both sides are said to exceed all other engagements of the war. Stories have reached here from Belgium that the Germans, unable to bury their dead on the field, have shipped them behind the army by trainloads in order to avoid epidemics.

**Germans Make Ceaseless Efforts to Penetrate Line of Allies' Forces**

By Associated Press. **ON THE BATTLE FRONT, Sept. 28.**—Desperate attempts made by the Germans to the west end of the long line of battle to break through the allies' forces which are engaged in a turning movement have resulted in the most furious fighting which has taken place since the beginning of the campaign. After fighting without respite night and day, corps after corps of Germans were hurled against the flower of the French and English armies yesterday, only to be thrown back.

**Belgians Surprise German Detachment on March; Cause Them to Retreat**

By Associated Press. LONDON, Sept. 28.—The following official statement issued at Antwerp yesterday, has been received by the Reuter Telegram Company: "Yesterday (Saturday) a detachment of German troops, comprising one brigade of infantry, two regiments of cavalry, and two heavy and four light batteries of artillery, was surprised on the march from Bierbeek to Termonde on the Aa. Attacked on the front and flanks, they retreated in disorder toward Asse, leaving in Belgian hands many prisoners, wounded and civilians."

"Today (Sunday) apparently in rearguard action, the Germans were surprised again by the Belgians, and were driven back to Antwerp."

A familiar sight in Belgium during the German invasion is the crowds of refugees leaving villages and cities, as shown in the upper photograph. Below is the Rue de la Station, one of the busiest streets of Louvain before the Germans' advent, which is now a scene of wreckage.



### Says France Will Rebuild Cathedral

By Associated Press. LONDON, Sept. 28.—Cardinal Andrieu, archbishop of Bordeaux, has written to Cardinal Lucon, archbishop of Rheims, a letter dealing with the bombardment by the Germans of the cathedral of Rheims, according to the Bordeaux correspondent of the Daily News. The correspondent quoted Cardinal Andrieu as follows:

"All civilized nations will condemn this act of savage vandalism, but the ruins over which you, like the prophet are weeping are such as God does not forget, and when this terrible war is over France will rise and build up afresh, with the same architectural splendor, the church which was the cradle of its faith and glory."

### Women Would Serve in Councils of War

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The participation of women in councils of war will be urged at a meeting of the Women's Political Union to be held in Carnegie Hall on October 30. The women will urge the appointment of women to The Hague peace conference and to the final peace party after the present war.

The war in France will be cited as an argument for the emancipation of women. The speakers at the meeting will include Mrs. Fethick-Lawrence, friend of Mrs. Pankhurst, and Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman. Similar meetings will be held through New York state.

### Russian Cruiser Is Stranded in Baltic

By Associated Press. LONDON, Sept. 28.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, in a dispatch dated Saturday, says:

"A Russian cruiser went aground today at [name of place deleted by censor], a Baltic port, while trying to save wreckage from the German cruiser Magdeburg, which was destroyed by the Russian fleet. The grounded cruiser is one of the old type."

### Steamer Reaches N. Y. After Terrific Storm

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The anchor liner Columbia reached port today from Glasgow with 886 passengers, among them many American refugees from Europe. The ship encountered a terrific storm late Saturday night, but emerged "drying" of the

## IDZUMO SHOOTS AT U. S. STEAMER

### Japanese Cruiser Stops Seward to Examine Ship's Papers.

By Associated Press. SEATTLE, Sept. 28.—Several shots were fired across the bow of the American steamer Seward, Captain John Johnson, by the Japanese cruiser Idzumo, whose officers then boarded the merchantman and closely examined her papers. The Seward, which plies regularly between Seattle and Southwestern Alaska ports, being at the time bound north, was off Cape Beals, on the west coast of Vancouver Island.

The vessel, with a cargo of coal, machinery and miners' supplies, had sailed from this port the evening of September 15, and the overhauling by the Japanese warship took place about 24 hours later.

Owing to the rigid censorship now in vogue of the cruiser's action as a committee to be set up by the British Columbia wireless station, but moreover, "drying" of the

affair were received from officers of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's Alaska liner Spokane. Captain Landstrom, arriving from the north today.

Captain Landstrom heard of the incident at Wrangell, Alaska, to some of whose citizens Captain Johnson had related his experience with the Japanese war vessel. To them Captain Johnson said that he was flying his colors and that he regarded the action of the Idzumo as extremely unwarranted. The affair created a great deal of excitement at Wrangell and ports on Prince of Wales Island.

The Seward is still in the north, as much of her cargo is consigned to Cordova and other Prince William Sound ports.

### British Report Loss of Ships to Germans

By Associated Press. LONDON, Sept. 28, 2:45 p.m.—Twelve British ships, with an aggregate tonnage of 55,331, have been sunk on the high seas by German cruisers up to September 23, according to an admiralty return issued this afternoon. Eight other British ships, whose tonnage aggregates 2978, have been sunk by German minnes in the North Sea, and 24 fishing craft, with a tonnage of 4384, have been captured or sunk by the Germans. In the same waters, British ships detained German ports number 74, with a total tonnage of 176,000.

On the credit side, the admiralty gives 102 German ships with a total tonnage of 260,600 tons detained in British ports since the outbreak of the war. Eighty-eight German ships of an aggregate tonnage of 323,000, have been captured since hostilities began. The return shows also 165 German ships, with an aggregate tonnage of 233,000, detained or captured by the allies. Fifteen ships with a tonnage of 247,000 were detained in American ports, while 14 others, with a tonnage of 72,000, remain in the Suez Canal.

The German mines in the North Sea have also to their credit seven Scandinavian ships with a tonnage of 11,093.

### Muelhausen Chief, Suicide, Says Report

By Associated Press. LONDON, Sept. 28.—A Bordeaux dispatch to the Central News says a report has reached there that the German commander at Muelhausen, in Alsace, has committed suicide in despair at the fact that he was unable to pass the Vosges. He had previously telegraphed the German general staff to come and see the difficulties for himself.

### British Cruiser Is Still in N. Y. Harbor

By Associated Press. NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The fifth day of the watch maintained on New York harbor by the auxiliary British cruiser Caronia, formerly of the Cunard line, found the cruiser still at her post. She lay off Sandy Hook, apparently just where she has been for two days, almost directly in the pathway of incoming and outgoing ships and easily discernible from shore. No other warships were in sight.

### Mulaii Abdel Aziz Pays French Wounded Visit

By Associated Press. PARIS, Sept. 28, 6 a.m.—A Blarritz dispatch to the Havas News Agency says that Mulaii Abdel Aziz, the former sultan of Morocco, has arrived there with his suite. He visited several of the military hospitals, congratulated the soldiers on their heroism and left generous contributions for the wounded. The sultan will arrive in Bordeaux on Monday.

### Russian Food Products Over 64,000,000 Tons

By Associated Press. PARIS, Sept. 28.—The ministry of the interior today gave out figures on the harvest for 1914, according to which the food products reached a total of more than 64,250,000 tons.

## AEROPLANE DROPS BOMBS INTO PARIS

### One Killed, One Wounded and Many Houses Wrecked Near Eiffel Tower.

By Associated Press. PARIS, Sept. 28.—A German aeroplane dropped a bomb into Paris yesterday, killing one man and seriously wounding a girl.

The bomb fell in Avenue du Trocadero, at the corner of Rue Freycinet, a short distance from the Eiffel tower and a block from the American embassy. It is believed the missile was intended for the wireless station on Eiffel tower. The head of the man killed was blown off and the legs of the girl wounded, his daughter, were shattered.

Many houses, including that of the Prince of Monaco were badly damaged by the bomb. Nearly where it fell are buildings containing army stores.

The aeroplane dropped three bombs. One fell in Rue de l'Amouse; another in Rue de Poitiers; a third man, Americans reside. A third dropped among a herd of cattle on the Auteuil racetrack. Comparatively little damage was done by these three bombs.

### ZEPPELINS ON RAID.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A German Zeppelin made a bomb-dropping tour of several Belgian cities last night, according to a dispatch from the Reuter correspondent at Ostend. The airship visited Alost, Ghent, Dynze, Mellekebe and Holleghem, dropping five bombs at Dynze, which mortally wounded an old man and damaged the roof of a hospital. One bomb was dropped at Pelleghem but did no damage. The Zeppelin disappeared in the direction of France.

### RAID UPON WARSAW.

WARSAW, Sept. 27, via Petrograd, Sept. 28.—Yesterday morning (probably Saturday) at 5 o'clock, a German Zeppelin appeared above the city and dropped many bombs. Killing three soldiers. The airship was fired upon but succeeded in escaping to the city of Tovgo-Georgiaw (formerly called Modlin, 2 miles northwest of Warsaw) where the fortress brought it down.

The above obviously refers to the same Zeppelin raid as was described in an earlier dispatch from Warsaw by way of London.

### LETTERS ISSUED IN WACHS ESTATE

Sons of Deceased Property Owner Granted Administration of Holdings.

Letters of administration in the \$265,000 estate of the late Aaron Nathan Wachs, who died on August 23, were issued by Superior Judge Weil, of Cedar to two of his sons, Morris and Harold Wachs, with bonds fixed at \$100,000. The will, it is said, having been left by the deceased.

The property in the estate consists of valuable holdings on the northwest corner of Thirteenth and Washington streets, at Seventh and Washington Eighteenth and Grove and Eighth and tenth and Castro streets. There was about \$20,000 deposited in bank.

Besides the two administrators the heirs of Wachs are Gertrude H. Hyman and Lionel Wachs, who resides at the Key Route Inn. Wachs died at the age of 71 and had been under the care of a guardian for some time previous. The administrators were represented by Ostander, Clark and Carey.

### Ex-Governor Sulzer Again Sued by Woman

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A summons was filed today with the county clerk in a suit against William Sulzer, former governor, brought by Dorothy A. Mason of this city. The summons did not state the nature of the action.

### Quebec Has First Snowfall of Season

QUEBEC, Sept. 28.—The first snow of the season here fell today.

### RECIPES OF OUR PIONEER MOTHERS

for the home treatment of disease.

True women, in the days of yore, had their knowledge of drugs, but over and above the rest, their knowledge of the field. It is interesting to note that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the most successful remedy for female ills we have, was originally prepared for home use from one of these recipes. Its fame has now spread from shore to shore, and thousands of American women now well and strong claim they owe their health and happiness to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

(Signed) "Van Deeken."

## BOTH SIDES CLAIM SLIGHT ADVANTAGE

### Battle Along Rivers Continues Fiercest in the West.

(Continued from Page 1)

army is kept busy on the Russian frontier, had up to last night found it impossible to break through the human barrier stretching across France.

### DUPLOCATES MARNE.

In the terrific struggle of the last 48 hours, as it was at the battle of the Marne between the German right and the Allies' left.

The official communications of yesterday stated that the attack on the German right has made a distinct advance and this version is supported by official Berlin advices, which say the allies have made extensive advances against the German extreme right.

The Belgians have retaliated against the threat of the Germans to bring up their great siege guns from Antwerp by making desperate sorties.

Along the great western battle line itself the struggle still continues to be general, with the most determined attacks being made on each flank. Both sides evidently have realized that mass attacks in the center are futile in the present exhausted state of the armies.

Another manifestation of the week-end has been the renewal of aerial activity by Germany. Zeppelins and aeroplanes have been out in force, apparently for scouting work, but indulging in bomb dropping wherever feasible.

### IN EASTERN THEATER.

From the east come reports of action from along the section of the Russian frontier. Empress William is reported to be in East Prussia and the German offensive, probably under his eyes, has recommenced against General Bennewitzkampf. Petrograd believed that the movement, because of its limited front, is a diversion to relieve the threatened German line from Kalitz to Cracow.

The Austrian forces are still retiring from Cracow and besides having taken some forts around Przemysl the Russian cavalry is said to be pouring through the defiles of the Carpathians on to the plains of Hungary.

Although the success of this latter movement is officially denied from Budapest, which announces that the repeated attempts of the Russian cavalry to enter the country have been repulsed, hurried efforts are being made along the Austrian frontier to strengthen the garrisons of the front.

One hundred thousand troops taken from Trent at the beginning of the war have been replaced by Hungarians and all forts of the line of defense are being brought into the highest state of repair, while the second defenses, commanding the passes, have been reinforced by additional redoubts.

Electric currents are a marked feature of the defensive arrangements. Wires have been laid over all the strategic points on the frontier and these connect with a powerful power station at Riva.

### ARMIES DRAW NEARER.

By Associated Press. LONDON, Sept. 28, 8 a.m.—Telegraph from Bordeaux under date of Sunday the Times' correspondent says: The rival armies are now close together. A few hundred yards separate the trenches yesterday. Everywhere the German fury was unavoidable and the close of the day found the allies' left reaching up still further north.

The battle has become, to some extent, a race between this movement on the left and the enemy's offensive against the center and the right. The failure of the enemy to shake off the lightning grip of the allies on the Oise and north of Somme was accompanied yesterday by a renewed attempt to smash the center. Here was massed the flower of the army—the Prussian guard, which distinguished itself from the outset of the campaign by its ability to give and take hard knocks.

Further to the right the German offensive at first met with some success. The attack was launched in the morning through the hilly, wooded country between the road from the town of Moulins and the railway from St. Menen to Vouzy. The ship was accordingly surrounded by torpedo boats and a search revealed 1000 German marines hidden below decks. The marines were arrested and sent to a detention camp.

Ignazio de la Barra, brother of the former provisional president of Mexico, was among the passengers. He came with his wife, Carlo. Gambling apparently there he said had been replaced with hospital beds and operating tables.

### Tacks "Oakland or Bust" on Balky Auto

"Oakland or Bust" is the sign Fred Mason, vice-president and general manager of the Shredded Wheat Company of America, is bearing from Reno to Oakland as defiance to a balky automobile. The noted manufacturer, who is to be the speaker at a luncheon before Oakland business men at the Hotel Oakland Wednesday, was delayed in Nevada when his machine became mired in mud.

### Chinese Woman on Trial for Peonage

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—Mrs. Wong Sam was placed on trial before Federal Judge Dooling today and the first case of peonage ever brought to the attention of the local United States court was presented. Mrs. Wong is charged with holding Lucy Gum, a Chinese girl, in slavery.

### Ex-Governor Sulzer Again Sued by Woman

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A summons was filed today with the county clerk in a suit against William Sulzer, former governor, brought by Dorothy A. Mason of this city. The summons did not state the nature of the action.

### Quebec Has First Snowfall of Season

QUEBEC, Sept. 28.—The first snow of the season here fell today.

### RECIPES OF OUR PIONEER MOTHERS



# METHODISTS NAME S. F. FOR 1915

Bishop Francis J. McConnell, to Make Appointments for Clergymen.

At this morning's session of the California conference of Methodist Episcopal churches held in San Francisco, the members of the conference voted to conduct their fall conference in the Methodist Episcopal Church of the Pacific, San Francisco.

Rev. Dr. George W. White, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of this city, extended an invitation to the conference to meet again next year in the church over which he presided. Dr. White made an appeal for the conference to be held outside of Pacific Grove, where the sessions have been conducted for the past thirty years. For the first time in thirty years the California conference was held outside of the conference city this year and Dr. White urged that it be held in the cities where the educational and religious aspects of the conference could reach the largest number of parishioners and churchgoers.

Dr. John L. Sennett, pastor of the College of the Pacific, invited the conference to hold its 1915 meeting in the college hall at San Jose. Only two members of the conference voted for San Jose, while the final vote stood 44 for San Francisco, 77 for Pacific Grove and 2 for the College of the Pacific.

## NAME PASTORS.

Much interest centers around the appointments to the various churches throughout the California conference to be made tomorrow morning by Bishop Francis J. McConnell. Dr. W. D. Hutchins, district superintendent of the California Methodist Episcopal church, and Dr. W. C. Evans, district superintendent of the San Francisco churches, have retired from their positions, having served six years.

Among the names which have been suggested to Bishop McConnell by the representatives of both those districts are Rev. George W. White, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Oakland; Rev. Dr. Edward P. Bennett of Stockton; Rev. James H. N. Williams, pastor of the College Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church of Berkeley; Rev. John Stephens, pastor of the Grace Methodist Episcopal Church of San Francisco, and Dr. George A. Miller, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of San Jose. Nothing definite has been decided by Bishop McConnell regarding the appointment of the clergymen in the conference and there is much unrest in the ministerial body.

According to reports, Rev. Dr. George W. White will remain pastor of the First church of this city, though his name has been proposed for the position of district superintendent of the Oakland Methodist Episcopal churches.

## MEMBERSHIP INCREASES.

During the past year the membership in the churches in the California conference has increased 1,036 over that of last year. The enrollment for 1914 in the conference is 25,207. The total amount expended in salaries during 1914 was \$20,370, which means an average of \$1,000 a year per minister. The total valuation of church property is \$2,015,576 which includes the parsonage property as well as the church property.

The total Sunday school enrollment for 1914 was 35,496, an increase of 1,012 members over 1913.

The sum of \$4000 was raised Saturday evening at the conference for the College of the Pacific. A portion of that sum will be appropriated to the building fund for the erection of a new dining-hall. The old hall burned several days ago. The amount was raised in pledges and cash by the members of the conference, the lay delegates and the visitors at the conference, which will be brought to close tomorrow morning in the First Methodist Episcopal Church in which the sessions opened last Wednesday morning.

## INJURED BY FALL.

R. L. Dunn, 559 Fifty-sixth street, sustained a concussion of the brain in a fall yesterday from the rear of a wagon and is at the Fabiola hospital in a critical condition.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears  
Signature of *Pat H. Fletcher*



## Sheer Carelessness

is the cause of the loss of many valuable documents.

Notes, deeds, mortgages, insurance policies left lying around in desks in the house or office.

Really, they ought to be in one of our safe deposit boxes, where they can't be lost or destroyed.

**CENTRAL SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS**  
CENTRAL SAVINGS BANK  
N. E. CORNER 14th AND BROADWAY  
OAKLAND

## JACK LONDON WINS \$5000 IF WOMAN ENDS HER JOURNEY

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—The 38-year-old Matsonia, arriving from Honolulu, brought \$5,000 from George Davidson, comedian and author, who is making a round-the-world tourney, on the 100-foot boat of which a woman, the other, stands to win \$10,000. Davidson started from New York in January, 1914, after London had wagered \$500 with a prominent clubman of the metropolis that she could circle the globe, relying on her own wiles to pay her way.

There were two stowaways on the Matsonia. One of them, George Davidson, was discovered at 10:30 o'clock Friday night and transferred to the steamer Wilhelmina, which took him back to Honolulu. The second man, Jack Lind, managed to reach port of San Francisco until the vessel was passing through the Golden Gate. He subsisted on rum.

## Daughter Is Born

Mrs. Walter P. Frick

News has been received in Oakland of the birth of a daughter to Mrs. Walter P. Frick at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Wildes, in Carson City, Nev., on September 14.

Society will be especially interested in the news, as Mrs. Frick was very prominent in the smart set, and since her departure for Nevada last May there has been much speculation as to the causes of her separation from her husband, the wealthy clubman.

It was announced that Mrs. Frick had gone to Nevada to establish a residence and start a divorce, but neither she nor her husband give a reason for the separation. After Frick was Miss Georgia Sneath, a daughter of Mrs. Wildes by a former marriage, and a belle of the younger set before her marriage last year to the millionaire lumberman, who has extensive interests in Mendocino county. The couple occupied a beautiful home in Piedmont, where Frick has remained since his wife's departure. It is said there is no hope of a reconciliation.

## El Agua Oil Well

Is Mass of Flames

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—An area approximately 11 acres in extent surrounding El Agua, one of the largest oil wells in the world, located in the Tampico, Mexico, district, is a mass of smoke and flames, according to the officers of the steamship Esperanza, which reached here today from Mexican Yorts. The well was capped down shortly after the capture of Tampico by the constitutionalists and several months ago it was noticed that the subterranean pressure was causing the oil to seep up all around the well. This seepage catching fire from lightning or some other cause, has spread the flames until now the glare by night and the smoke by day can be seen for nearly 10 miles.

The officers of the Esperanza said that the light by night resembles the glare from a great city and during the day the smoke clouds look like an approaching storm. Some weeks ago field artillery was brought up from Tampico and an effort made to shoot the cap off the well, in the hope that the pressure would be relieved, but the effort was unsuccessful.

## Yuan Shi Kai Holds Confucian Ceremony

PEKING, Sept. 28.—Between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock this morning President Yuan Shi Kai will officiate at the first annual ceremony at the Confucian Temple. The ceremony will be elaborate. Special costumes and significant copied after those of the students have been designed for the president and other officers of the German as descendants of Confucius.

## U. S. Attorney-General Starts Cotton Inquiry

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Attorney General Gregory began today an investigation of complaints that a combination in violation of the Sherman law has depressed the price of cotton seed. According to reports brought to the department seed dealers are now paying about one-half the price paid for cotton seed in former years.

## Traction Magnate Dies After Brief Illness

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—Captain Robert McCulloch, president and general manager of the United Railways of St. Louis and former general manager of the Chicago City Railway, died today after a brief illness.

## SHRINERS ENTERTAINED ON A TRIP OF 8000 MILES



GROUP OF SHRINERS SNAPPED AS THEY VIEWED OAKLAND FROM TOP OF CITY HALL. BELOW, LEFT TO RIGHT, W. S. BROWN OF PITTSBURG, FRANK LANE AND IMPERIAL POTENTATE FRED R. SMITH OF ROCHESTER.

Following a visit to San Francisco during which the welcome to California extended to them first by Ahmend Temple in Oakland, was repeated by the hosts of Islam, across the bay, Imperial Potentate Dr. Fred R. Smith and his official retinue are today the guests of the Southland—Al Malibah and Al Bal Temple of Los Angeles and San Diego, respectively—to engage their attention for the next two days of their big tour across the country.

The Imperial Potentate and his party are visiting the shrines of the country on a 3000-mile trip, one of the biggest tours ever taken by a ruler of the Shriners. The entertainment of the party by Ahmend Temple in Oakland was well received and was successful.

Yesterday they were the guests of Islam Temple in San Francisco before boarding the steamer for the return trip to Los Angeles, and tomorrow they will visit San Diego before proceeding to the temples of the south.

The party came to California from the north. At the state line they were met by F. E. ("Daddy" Silverwood, of Los Angeles, Potentate George F. Smith of Oakland, Potentate George F. Smith of San

Francisco and F. J. Lea of San Diego. A gold plate bearing a welcome to the officials was presented. Later at a dinner was enjoyed, the trout being brought by Indians from the Feather River. The party arrived in Oakland early Saturday morning.

## ENTERTAINED ROYALLY.

The party lunched at San Leandro, visited Alameda, and returned to Oakland for a visit to the Claremont Country Club and a big ceremonial, followed by a banquet at Idora Park. They dined at the Key Route Inn.

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The new law makes it impossible to vote for a complete ticket with one mark and it is not probable that final results of all contests will be known for a day or two.

The candidates for the Democratic nomination for governor are Martin L. Glynn and John A. Nesiessy. Charles S. Whitman, Harvey D. Hinman and Job E. Hedges seek the Republican nomination and Fred M. Davenport and William Sulzer the Progressive. For United States senator the designations are James W. Gerard and Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic; James W. Wadsworth Jr., William M. Calder and David Jayne Hill, Republican.

It was said that a personal representative of General Villa, after a long wire conversation with his chief, had telegraphed local Constitutionalists that Calderon would be acceptable to Villa as head of the new government. The fighting general has announced that he will not be represented in the convention called by Carranza, but it is believed that the selection of Iglesias would pave the way for prompt settlement of the trouble between Villa and Carranza.

Calderon is head of the Liberal party in Mexico and has played a prominent part in the Constitutional movement.

While in Washington several months ago he was received at the White House by President Wilson, an honor no other Mexican has had.

## Investigation in Oil Case Ordered

## Repudiates \$90 Bill for Saving Her Life

Miss Helen Hume, who several months ago was one of the principals in a San Francisco night life episode and who has recently become of age, today repudiated a bill for \$90 presented by Dr. J. W. Waller, who gave her life after she had taken a quantity of balsalor to Lucas following an escapade with one of her admirers. The matter came up before Superior Judge Wells on final report of the guardianship of her mother, Mrs. Mary Hume. The bill, which he held to be an estate of \$63,000 for loans made by her late father, who died in Alaska.

Miss Hume was called to attend Miss

Wells at the time she took the poison and he presented the bill to her mother.

Miss Hume refused to pay the bill.

Claiming that it was excessive and offered \$50. Dr. Waller appeared in court this morning and Judge Wells allowed the claim in full.

STOVE CAUSES FIRE.

A fire, caused by the explosion of a gas stove, today partly destroyed

the home of J. W. Howard, 1251

Eighty-fifth street. The blaze was

gotten under control by the fire de-

partment. Personal effects and other

articles were destroyed, the damage

being estimated at \$500.

## MRS. CUYLER TO ASK FINAL DECREE

Files Notice of Motion and Big Clash Between Attorneys Is Expected.

## GOTHAM TO TEST DIRECT PRIMARY

## New Law to Be Given First Tryout in New York State.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The new direct primary law will be given its first test today when enrolled voters throughout the state will express their preferences for party candidates for governor, United States senator, 150 members of the State Assembly, 51 state senators, 43 congressmen, 15 delegates-at-large to the constitutional convention and for local offices.

The new law makes it impossible to vote for a complete ticket with one mark and it is not probable that final results of all contests will be known for a day or two.

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## CARRANZA MUST GO.

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Sept. 28.—Immediate resignation of General Venustiano Carranza as first chief of the Constitutionalists is the only basis on which General Francisco Villa will agree to settlement of differences between him and Carranza. This was his reply today to messages of officials in Mexico City, who protested against his attitude toward Carranza. Villa declared he never would accept Carranza as head of the republic.

## CARRONAZ RESIGN.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—President de la Barre, the Mexican minister to France, telegraphed his resignation to the Constitutional Government of Mexico several days ago. Up to the present time he has received no reply. In the meantime, he continues himself to the interests of Mexico.

## FREE FISHING, SAYS VILLA.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 28.—Adolfo Carrillo, Mexican representative here, said today he had received from General Bautista Aviles, chief of the northern district of Lower California, a copy of an order issued by General Francisco Villa that corporations holding fishing concessions on the Mexican coast must allow the Mexican people free use of them. The order was signed "Francisco Villa, Supreme Chief of the Northern Division."

**SOLD EVERYWHERE**

Nemo Hygienic-Fashion Institute, New York

## FIRST CHIEF MUST QUIT, SAYS VILLA

General Declares That He Will Never Sanction Carranza for President.

(Continued from Page 1)

Mexico were forwarded to the administration today by Consular Agent aviators.

NACO, Sonora, Mex., Sept. 28.—General Benjamin Hill's scouts reported today that Governor Maytorena's main force still was near the scene of Friday's battle. A detachment of 300 had been sent south, however, probably on a reconnaissance to discover the whereabouts of General Iturbide, the Sinaloa commander, who is reported to be on the way with 10,000 Carranza troops to relieve Hill.

Colonel Elias Calles, former commander in Sonora, whose difficulties with Maytorena were a prelude to the present revolt, arrived here today.

CONFERS WITH BROWN.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 28.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt returned to Cleveland today from Mentor where he spent part of yesterday and last night at the home of James P. Garfield to attend a reception of progressive candidates and executive committeemen in the office of Garfield.

The former president will go to Columbus this afternoon where he is to hold a conference with Walter Brown, progressive leader of the state, and in the evening he is to make an address in Toledo.

## ROOSEVELT BUSY WITH CAMPAIGN

Attends Reception of Progressive Candidates and Holds Conference.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 28.—Endorsing the anti-Progressive tract in Ohio, asserting that the Democratic party "is either openly or covertly supporting the liquor interests and the Republican party is trying to dodge the issue, yet at the same time supporting it," Colonel Theodore Roosevelt addressed a meeting of the members of the City Club and a number of club guests at noon here today. The colonel left at 1:30 for Columbus, where he will make an address tonight.

CONFERS WITH BROWN.

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# Reasons Why Fredericks Should Be Elected

There are many reasons of State and National character why Captain John D. Fredericks should be elected Governor of California.

For nearly four years this commonwealth has been in the hands of a plunderbund that has wasted its resources in building up a machine for perpetuating itself in power, that has recklessly squandered funds, not by hundreds of thousands, but by millions, has deprived the schools of their just revenue and crippled the industries and business of the state. Expensive commissions have been foisted upon the people, pay-rolls have been padded, and as a result of THIS REVELRY IN EXTRAVAGANCE THE COST OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT HAS INCREASED DURING THE PRESENT RULE \$11,676,049.68, AS COMPARED WITH THAT OF JAMES N. GILLETTE, AND \$17,597,084.90, AS COMPARED WITH THAT OF GEORGE C. PARDEE.

These are figures, Voters of California, taken from the records at Sacramento.

Why, even the little children who attend the common schools of the state, those institutions designed to fit the boys and girls of the Golden State for the battle of life, have not been spared. Look upon this statement, also taken from the records:

ALTHOUGH THE COLLECTION OF TAXES IN 1913 WAS \$2,234,490.42 MORE THAN IN 1912, THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION GAVE TO THE COMMON SCHOOLS \$281,993.77 LESS THAN IT DID IN 1912. The schools of the country, nestling in the hills, the schools of the city, impressive in their grandeur, were cut short MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A MILLION OF DOLLARS, when the taxes collected were MORE THAN TWO AND ONE-QUARTER OF A MILLION DOLLARS THAN THOSE OF THE PREVIOUS YEAR. For what? That the present administration might keep on the pay-rolls their henchmen.

FOR REASONS OF ECONOMY ALONE, JOHN D. FREDERICKS SHOULD BE ELECTED GOVERNOR OF THIS STATE.

But California has suffered in other ways. Her business has been endangered TO THE EXTENT OF NEARLY ONE BILLION OF DOLLARS. The trend of legislation in this state has been against business ever since Hiram Johnson took office, capital has been afraid to invest here, and as a result A DECREASE OF \$876,113,702.50 IS NOTED IN THE PROSPECTIVE INVESTMENT OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CAPITAL IN THE SHORT SPACE OF TWO YEARS. Listen to the reading of the figures shown by the records at the State capitol.

THE AUTHORIZED CAPITALIZATION OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN CORPORATIONS CHARTERED TO DO BUSINESS IN CALIFORNIA HAS DECREASED FROM \$1,505,870,747.50 for the STATE FISCAL YEAR OF 1911, TO \$629,757,045 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR OF 1913.

Business is afraid to come to California because it fears for the safety of its investments.

FOR BUSINESS REASONS JOHN D. FREDERICKS SHOULD BE ELECTED GOVERNOR OF THIS STATE.



JOHN D. FREDERICKS, the next Governor of California. He will be elected by 150,000 plurality.

## REASONS WHY FREDERICKS SHOULD BE ELECTED GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA.

The Republican party in its platform adopted at Sacramento by the representatives of 240,141 men and women at a state primary by their direct votes, after noting the extravagance herein complained of, made the following pledge:

Since the State has suffered immeasurably as the result of the extravagance of the present administration, the expenditures of which have been double those of any former administration, WE HEREBY PLEDGE OUR PARTY AND OUR CANDIDATES TO AN ECONOMICAL ADMINISTRATION, WHICH SHALL SECURE THE HIGHEST EFFICIENCY IN STATE DEPARTMENTS AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE COST TO THE TAXPAYERS.

That same convention, realizing also that the material interests of the State are being injured by the legislation enacted by the present administration, declared "The State is suffering from too much legislation," and pledged its candidates to the adoption of fewer and more sub-

stantial statutes, laws making for industrial peace and better opportunities for business, the aiding of shipping and commerce, and the development of industry.

## THE MATERIAL INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA DEMAND THAT FREDERICKS SHOULD BE ELECTED GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA.

The Republican party stands for a protective tariff, without which there cannot be great prosperity in California. The Democratic party has withdrawn that protection. If the Republican party shall be defeated in the coming election, how could such defeat be regarded in the nation at large other than that California does not care for protection? Two years hence, when the Republicans are returned to power in all branches of the national government, the defeat of the Republican party at this coming election would be looked upon as meaning that protection is looked upon by the citrus interests, the fruit growing interests, the manufacturing interests as incidental. That is one of the national reasons why Fredericks and the Republican candidates for the Senate, for the lower house of Congress and for the legislature should be elected.

## THERE IS THE NATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE ATTACHING TO THIS CAMPAIGN.

The Republican party of California has selected John D. Fredericks as its standard bearer for Governor because of his ability, his integrity, his loyalty to principle and his faithfulness to duty. Prior to this campaign he was known as a man who had been true to every trust. He was an honest and efficient lawyer. When his country called its sons to arms in the Spanish-American war he enlisted. Afterwards he was elected District Attorney of Los Angeles county for twelve years, during which time he performed his work without fear or favor, and for which he was commended universally, and no man offered a word of criticism.

But when nominated for the exalted office to which he will be elected, every mud battery of so-called Progressivism has been turned loose upon him, and will be in action until the last day of the battle, because that sort of argument is the only resource of his opponents.

But without effect. The people of California know John D. Fredericks. They know his record. They realize the conditions that exist and look to him as the one man to remedy them. They know when he is inaugurated he will be the Hercules to clean the Augean stables of the present administration. That he will put into effect the principles of economy and retrenchment. That he will cause laws to be enacted under which business may thrive and industry will flourish. That with him as Governor, enterprise will not be the prey of the spoiler, but will be protected in its legitimate work.

AND KNOWING ALL THIS, THE DECISION OF THE PEOPLE WILL BE EMPHATIC FOR JOHN D. FREDERICKS WILL BE ELECTED GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA BY 150,000 MAJORITY.

## Causes of European War.

In this issue of THE TRIBUNE over six pages are devoted to the publication of the "White Papers" of England and Germany, in which the two great nations present their arguments as to the causes for the war now raging in Europe. The documents are complete and unabridged. They will be used by the writers of history in the future, for they are state papers and as such are authentic.

These explanations should be read by every careful student of affairs. Therein may be found the evidence presented by both sides. As to which of these should be given the larger credence THE TRIBUNE does not decide, but leaves that to its readers.

But it is a matter of no small gratification to THE TRIBUNE to be able to print this valuable information without disturbing in the least or hampering in the least its other features. It is a matter of pride that it has the equipment that enables it to give to its thousands of patrons this immense amount of information in addition to its regular local and telegraph-service without abridging or curtailing either in any respect, and THE TRIBUNE is pleased to direct the attention of its multiplicity of subscribers that it has been enabled to do this without extra effort or inconveniences and that it is the only paper in Oakland with facilities for such action.

THE TRIBUNE is sure that its intelligent patrons will appreciate this and that the matter alluded to will be preserved after reading for future reference. Because it is worthy of preservation, for it is history in the making, is secured at first hand and is authentic, being vouched for by the highest authority of the two great nations presenting their causes to a jury composed of the intelligent peoples of the entire world.

With some agitation Meyer Lissner in the California Outlook asks: "How is the State Going?" If Meyer will get action on that last name of his about November 3 he will get the information he is seeking in 150,000 majority for Fredericks over Johnson.

An enthusiastic newspaper admirer of the colonel says when he sounds the tocsin the Progressives will answer as "one man." Just about.

Suggestion to the better half: If, when he comes home with the ability to say "truly rural" for further test try Przemysl.

## Twenty Years Ago Today

There are twins in Sam Breck's pretty cottage on the heights. They are a boy and a girl, and their advent last week was the occasion of considerable rejoicing. Jim Breck's twin sons are not a year old yet, and the friends of the two boys are not at all slow to take advantage of the humorous side of the situation.

The very newest veil is of fine net with small dots upon it, having a border formed of rows of narrow satin ribbon, and when it is put on, reaches quite to the waist.

The board of supervisors met and adopted a resolution establishing the tax levy for Alameda county for state and county purposes at \$1. A further tax of 35 cents on each \$100 of taxable property was levied for road purposes on all property of the county situated outside of cities and incorporated towns.

If the department had been supplied with adequate apparatus, the fire at St. Mary's college would have been extinguished in a short time. That is Chief Lawton's opinion. Rotten hose and scarcity of water were responsible for good deal last evening. When the fire was at its fiercest, the hose broke, leaving the company practically useless.

At one time three lines of hose gave way almost simultaneously. On account of injuries five men will be compelled to lay off for a week. The magnificent structure was practically a complete wreck before the flames were extinguished, and the losses will figure up in the neighborhood of \$200,000 with insurance of only \$20,000. The cornerstone was laid in 1857 by Archbishop Riordan and it was finished and dedicated in 1859.

Charles Butters, the well-known South African mining man, will soon pay a visit to his old home at Berkeley.

## AMUSEMENTS

### "The Flower Girl"

Bright Musical Comedy  
FERRIS HARTMAN and MYRTLE DINGWALL  
Every Night—Matinees Saturday and Sunday

Phone Oak. 7112 Twelfth and Clay Sts.

OPEN SATURDAY IN MAMMOTH PAVILION

ART—INDUSTRY—SCIENCE—FUN—FROLIC

Big Events Every Day—October 3d to 18th, Inclusive. Under the

Auspices of Civic and Commercial Bodies.

## Pantages

Menlo Moore's Dancing Act Beautiful

"FAIR CO-EDS"

Host of Happy Incidents of Co-Edu-

cation Days.

SCHILLER STRINGED QUINTET

Kittner, Haynes & Montgomery

Billy—Chase & LaTour—Charlotte

Heras & Preston

Frank and Lillian Burbank

Clara Beyers & Co. in "Self-Defense"

War Scenes—Keystone Comedy

## Macdonough

ANNETTE KELLERMANN

TODAY AND ALL WEEK

1:30, 3:30, 6:45, 8:45 P. M. Daily Week Days:

A wonderful, weird, spectacular play-photoplay that entrances and stirs and inspires—300 scenes taken in Harlequinade—10c and 25c.

Special Reduced Prices—10c and 25c Only.

In the Film Masterpiece,

"SHEPHERD'S DAUGHTER."

A wonderful, weird, spectacular play-photoplay that entrances and stirs and inspires—300 scenes taken in Harlequinade—10c and 25c.

Special Reduced Prices—10c and 25c Only.

Returning by Request; See of the Davis Form

1:30, 3:30, 6:45, 8:45 P. M. Daily Week Days:

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Returning by Request; See of the Davis Form

1:30, 3:30, 6:45, 8:45 P. M. Daily Week Days:

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# PLEASE NOTE

All Our Markets in Oakland, San Francisco &

Berkeley Will Be

## CLOSED ALL DAY WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 30

ON ACCOUNT OF HOLIDAY!

We will thank you to make your purchases TO-  
MORROW (TUESDAY), if Possible.

Our Usual Saturday Specials Will Prevail  
Tuesday.

Respectfully, LESSER BROS.

## WASHINGTON MARKET

Corner Ninth and Washington Sts., Oakland.

## GERMAN DAY HAS WIDE OBSERVANCE

The New York Exercises Are  
Marked by Numerous  
Speeches.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Many hundreds of German-Americans attended exercises in Terrace Garden yesterday marking the thirteenth anniversary here of German Day—a day set apart to bring together the Germans in this country and to revive the sentiment of the Fatherland. Numerous speeches marked the two sessions of the day, the principal one being delivered in the evening by Representative Richard Bartholdi of Missouri.

Mr. Bartholdi pointed out that Frederick the Great was the first to recognize the cause of the American revolutionaries and sent one of his best generals, Baron von Steuben, whose abilities as an organizer helped make the victories of George Washington possible; that George Washington was almost the only country which showed a friendly attitude toward the country during the Civil War, and that German bankers were the only ones in Europe to aid the United States financially during the Civil War.

JAPAN'S WAR ENTRY.

Referring to Japan's entry into the war the speaker said this did not portend any good for the United States.

"England's summing up to the black men, the brown men and the yellow men to fight her battles against a white and highly cultured nation," he said, "will be the death of it. Japan will demand her pound of flesh, which is bound to be cut out of the skin of one Uncle Sam. England now supremacy of the Pacific may have been promised the yellow man to return for his present aid and for the protection by Japan of India.

"On whom, if not on Germany, could we rely for assistance if we ever had a falling out with Japan?" he asked.

"Certainly not on England."

PRESS ANIMOSITY EMBITTERS.

"German-Americans are very justly, and I am sorry to say, embittered," he continued, "at the animosity which is shown in the Anglo-American press. It always has been an inviolable rule of the German-Americans here to show the utmost loyalty to the United States and the least they can ask is that the press of this country show fair-mindedness toward the country from which they came."

In conclusion Mr. Bartholdi ventured a prophecy by saying: "A defeat or dismemberment of the German empire will mean eternal war, because the Teutonic race will never accept such a result. A victory of the two Germanic nations, however, will signify permanent peace. Both Germany and Austria-Hungary cherish peace and their two rulers wish for their people the blessings of fruitful civilization, the growth of industry and trade and the highest development of the arts and sciences, and the condition of such progress and the healing of the wounds caused by this terrible war is a secure and permanent peace, anchored upon an international agreement providing for disarmament and for a high court of arbitration which will adjust all the partial differences and whose decisions will be backed up by an international police force."

Among other speakers was Jeremiah J. O'Leary, chairman of the American Trade Society and of the lecture bureau of the United Irish Society.

Theater to Replace  
Homes on Telegraph

A deal was closed today for a new motion picture theater to be erected, at a cost of \$15,000, at the corner of Thirty-third street and Telegraph avenue, the building to replace old residences which are to be removed to make room for the structure. The owner of the building will be Mrs. M. H. Hart, and the lessee, who has taken the theater on a 10-year lease, at \$8,000 for the term, is Charles Hartman. The deal was announced by Ross Harden, of a local realty firm.

HART GETS DIVORCE.

Emmett H. Hart was today granted a final decree of divorce from Mabel Hart by Judge Waste.

Cleveland  
Vacuum  
Cleaners

\$1.00  
PER DAY  
RENTAL  
Called for  
and delivered  
Sold on  
Easy  
Terms

WANTS CONFERENCE ON  
UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEM

Commissioner of Public Health and Safety F. C. Turner today asked that a conference shall be held to formulate plans to meet the problem of winter unemployment. Turner suggested that members of the board of directors of the municipal wood yard, of the Associated Charities, Chief of Police Petersen, Secretary Beatrice McCall of the Women's Protective Bureau and W. S. Goodrich, manager of the municipal wood yard, should be invited to attend the conference with the commissioners. Goodrich has informed Turner that measures will have to be taken in advance to meet the situation, which promises to be grave during the winter.

AWARD JANITOR CONTRACT.

Contract was awarded to the Lawrence Company for janitor service in the city hall, the bid being \$1100 a month.

## FREDERICKS ON HIS WAY NORTH

Republican Candidate for Gov-  
ernor Making Splendid  
State Campaign.

Following a strenuous campaign in the southland for about two weeks, during which time he has been enthusiastically received wherever he has appeared, Captain John D. Fredericks is in San Francisco today conferring with Walter E. Eaton, Francis V. Keeling and other leaders of the Republican party. This evening, accompanied by Hon. Joseph L. B. Smith, his campaign manager for United States Senator, Captain Fredericks leaves for the north, where, in Yreka tomorrow evening, he will open his campaign in that section. Mr. Knowland will speak with the gubernatorial candidates in all meetings and will speak in all the hours.

Owing to the prominence of the two men, the voters of the northern section of the state are anxiously awaiting their arrival and capacity houses will greet their advent.

During the week they will speak at Redding, Dunsmuir, Chico, Marysville and other large towns, closing Saturday evening at the State fair at Sacramento.

Speaking of his trip through the south, Captain Fredericks says he hardly expected the magnificent reception tendered him and that the attitude of the people of the southern portion of the state has given him renewed courage and convinced him that the voters are thoroughly in earnest in their desire for a return to the principles of the Republican party. He believes that the Fredericks' declared true progress can only come through the medium of the Republican party; that the Progressive party's done is forecasted by the overwhelming registration of us for the primaries, he said. Captain Fredericks "all hell to the reconstructed Republican party in California."

Boasters End Whirlwind Ex-  
pansion Movement With  
1000 New Members.

President and Party Leaders  
to Plan Action in  
Conference.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Whether the bill for a government-owned merchant marine shall be passed at this session of congress or abandoned, will be determined at White House conferences today and at a meeting of House Democrats to-night.

President Wilson said he had not changed his opinion of the necessity for such a bill and indicated he would use his influence for its passage. Facts presented in the conferences, he said, however, might change his view. There is some opposition in congress.

The President expressed the opinion that an adjournment of congress in October was likely, but he added he was not a very good prophet.

SECURE 1000 MEMBERS.

The 1000 memberships will be secured within two weeks from the business interests of Oakland. The committee that saw the campaign through the country will be in the city Saturday to receive the results of the canvass of the off, and it is added that the belief is justified that by January 1 the club will have at least 4000 members.

DISCUSS CURTAILMENT  
OF 1915 COTTON CROP.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Curtailment of the cotton crop next year because of the amount of the 1914 crop remaining on hand because of the closing of the European markets by the war, was discussed here today by governors and congressional delegations of cotton growing states. Committee was selected to devise a plan.

ANTI-INTERLOCKING  
PROVISION FAVORED.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—President Wilson favors the anti-interlocking directorate provision of the Clayton bill, against which protests have been made to the Senate by bankers. The President told callers today the provision was a pledge in the Democratic platform.

Congress Debates on  
Filipino's Freedom

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The Jones bill for Philippine independence was again debated today in the House. President Wilson told callers he expected it to be passed by the House during the present session, but he did not think it likely that the Senate would take it up.

HUNGARIAN RHAPSODY  
MAKES DECIDED HIT

Fred Zeh, fritter of the Oakland Park Band, was enthusiastically applauded yesterday at the regular Sunday afternoon concert when he played the beautiful cadence of Liszt's Second Hungarian Rhapsody. Thousands of music-lovers crowded the concert.

The program for next Sunday, as announced by Henry Vogt, manager of the band, follows:

Fanfare Militaire..... Rossini  
Overture, "Macbeth"..... Sir Arthur Sullivan..... Bouquet  
March, "The Thousand and One"..... Rossini  
Reminiscences of Monte Carlo..... Rossini  
Overture, "Pier and Peasant" (by request)..... Suppe  
"Sing, Little Bird" (solo for piccolo)..... Parker

Fred Zeh, Celebrated Chorus, "The Heavens Are Telling" from "The Cross"..... Haydn  
Selection, "The Mascot"..... Audran  
"Hercul"..... Schubert

BOYS ARRESTED FOR  
STEALING AUTOMOBILE

John P. Dwyer, 17 years of age, and Charles Courtney, 16, were arrested in front of the Orpheum Theater yesterday when they returned from taking a little ride in an automobile that had been taken from the home in front of the playhouse. George Meinhardt, who had driven to the theater in one of the Cudahy Packing Company autos, had come out of the theater in the interim and had missed the machine. The police were notified and waited for the return of the two boys, who had taken the auto for a little ride and thought they would be safe if they returned it before the end of the show. They were charged with taking an auto without the permission of the owner. Courtney was placed in the detention home.

Charges of drunkenness and the wilful destruction of property are being brought against the three bluejackets. It is understood the men will be released if taken on parole. The charges by their officers and guarantee given that they will not come ashore again while the vessel is in port.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., Sept. 28.—Three members of the submarine tender *Chesapeake* and two men in charge of submarines H. L. H. 2 and H. 3, are in jail here today as a result of a street fight last night in which the bluejackets refused to recognize the authority of policemen to arrest them. When the officers started in to arrest the men, after it is alleged, they had nearly dismantled a cigar store and assaulted an old man, all the men on shore were rallied to the support of their shipmates and it took a reinforcement of police to carry out the arrests. One policeman was beaten severely and another handled roughly before the men were placed in jail. All the men on shore were then rounded up and ordered to their vessel.

Charges of drunkenness and the wilful destruction of property are being brought against the three bluejackets. It is understood the men will be released if taken on parole. The charges by their officers and guarantee given that they will not come ashore again while the vessel is in port.

PROBATION IS GRANTED.

Samuel J. Van Dersel, tried and found guilty of embezzlement was today referred to Probation Officer Compton by Superior Judge Ogden. Van Dersel pleaded not guilty to the charge of holding back \$218.33 of his collections for the Phoenix Milling Company. The probation was granted on the request of his attorney, John Rose.

IN ALIMONY TROUBLES.

Claiming that he had sold his property and given his wife more than the sum of the alimony, Frank Rinaldi today petitioned the court to allow him to have the sum applied as alimony, reducing his alleged straightened circumstances. He said that he \$563 received for the property he gave his divorced wife \$349.

AWARD JANITOR CONTRACT.

Contract was awarded to the Lawrence Company for janitor service in the city hall, the bid being \$1100 a month.

## GREAT CHORUS TO SING AT CARNIVAL

Rehearsals to Begin Tomorrow  
Night for Musical  
Festival.

Move Indicates Santa Fe Will  
Develop Big Ferry  
Facilities.

Contracts for the construction of a round-house near Atoms, Wyo., on the million-dollar holdings of the Santa Fe railroad, which had been declared and the company along the cutaway, have been let to A. W. Arson, of Santa Monica.

Since the construction of ferry slips in the same vicinity within the last six months there has been considerable speculation as to the future railroad development by the Santa Fe. Its main acquired waterfront property. As yet there are no Santa Fe feeder lines into the territory and it is indicated that the company is planning to develop a large terminal there for the handling of the trans-continental freight business.

In the same district, and adjacent to the Santa Fe holdings, the Central Oregon Light and Power company is to construct a sub-station, which will be installed by the Great Western Power Company at Second and Alice streets. The Santa Fe company already have established warehouse, ferry slips and contiguous tracks along the waterway, and has been notified by the Municipal Belt Line that the wharves of the Municipal Belt Line railroad will also be built along the property lines to Livingston wharf.

The round house will be constructed for the accommodation of two freight engines to be used in connection with the work on the wharf. A machine shop will also be erected and about fifty men will be employed for the general repair work on buildings and wharves belonging to the Santa Fe company.

THEATRE IN CONTEST.

Team No. 2—Mrs. Jessie L. Moore, captain; P. W. Battison, Miss E. Blawie, Miss O. Blackart, Mrs. M. J. Cathcart, Mrs. C. H. Little, Miss E. McCuller, Miss E. M. McLean, Mrs. N. J. McNamee, Mrs. F. Perlis, Miss B. Sturt, Mrs. C. Wallinger, Mrs. E. Westgate, Mrs. Villapandu.

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## BERKELEY

GOSSIP of STUDENTS  
and RESIDENTS in  
UNIVERSITY TOWNAND SOCIAL and PERSONAL  
HAPPENINGS of DAY  
in the ISLAND CITY

## ALAMEDA

NO CHOICE YET  
OF A LIBRARIANGRADUATES WILL WED  
PLAN SIMPLE MARRIAGEMiss Elsie Stoddard and  
E. A. Richards to Be  
United

MISS ELSIE STODDARD.

Berkeley Trustees Unable to  
Meet in Opinion Among the  
Candidates.

BERKELEY, Sept. 28.—Wednesday evening of next week October 1, is set as the date for the wedding of Miss Elsie Stoddard to Ernest Adriano to be held. It is to be a simple and quiet service performed at the bride's home, 1121 1/2 Webster street, the late David P. Morris' former residence. The late David P. Morris' widow was set to wed next from tonight which a further effort will be made to secure a date.

From the earliest days of the applicants for the position, the trustees have narrowed their choice to at least three, and on the 25th the Board of Education, Secretaries, Vice Presidents of the Berkeley Chamber of Commerce, Walter Brown and three professional librarians, voted now with the University of California library, the Mechanics' Library, San Francisco and the State Library at Sacramento respectively.

Professor Leon J. Richardson, stated this morning that the board, of which he is chairman, had taken up the question upon the best person for the position. The members had been unable so far to agree as to who this was. With Professor Richardson on the board are Mrs. Blanche Morse, Frank Schaeferberger, H. D. Irwin and Thomas Dowd.

ALAMEDA BOAT CLUB  
DEFEATS ENCINAL TEAM

ALAMEDA, Sept. 28.—In an exciting ball game, the Alameda Boat Club succeeded in defeating the Encinal Boat Club yesterday by the score of 6 to 1. D. E. Murray, pitcher for the Alameda Boat Club, was the star of the game, striking out eleven of the batters who faced him. His pitching, together with good and opportune stick work on the part of the Alameda nine, resulted in a 6-0 victory. A single, which was known as "Old Man" Branston, knocked out a double with two men on bases much to his and everyone else's surprise, for he had never fouled one in his other two appearances at the plate. To round out the game, the star of the day by his namesake, the great Ty Cobb, by stealing three bases in one inning.

The Alameda Boat Club has a fast pace and have stated that they are open to play any organization or club in the city.

The batmen for the game were as follows: Alameda Club, E. Johnson and P. Johnson; Encinal, Medcraft and Allen; umpire, Kue.

PLAY FIRST ROUND IN  
TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

ALAMEDA, Sept. 28.—In the first round of the bay country tennis championship, Nelson G. Welburn and Ralph Parr of Alameda, were eliminated. Welburn, in a close contest, lost to B. H. Baskin by the scores of 6-2 and 6-0, and Parr met defeat at the hands of H. V. D. John by the score of 6-8 and 6-1.

Fay and Welburn, the doubles champions of this city, and Welburn won the singles honors, but both these men were not capable of defeating the San Francisco cracks. In the first round of the doubles championship, Fay and Welburn, two of the best men in this part of the country, and if they are successful in winning the match they will be doing an unlooked for thing.

A. L. Murray, a Davis cup candidate, succeeded in winning his first match in straight sets as did H. Strachen, the present title holder.

PILGRIM BROTHERHOOD  
ARRANGES FOR DINNER

ALAMEDA, Sept. 28.—The Pilgrim Brotherhood of the First Congregational church of Alameda will meet tomorrow evening at 6:30 in the parlors of the church. Dinner will be served for the men by the ladies of the Pilgrim Dinner society. The arrangements will be voted upon in November will be presented for general discussion of the club. At 8:15 the club will adjourn to the auditorium of the Pilgrim, where two of the best men in the club will present their annual illustrated lecture on "The Mountains of the Sierras."

The views for this lecture have been loaned by a famous artist. The general public is cordially invited by the Brotherhood to attend the meeting and view the views.

A large attendance of the men of the club is expected for the supper and earlier discussion. E. H. McCandless is president of the club; Dr. George C. Thompson, vice-president and W. G. Taylor, secretary and treasurer.

UNITARIAN CLUB TO  
CONSIDER AMENDMENTS

ALAMEDA, Sept. 28.—"Home Rule in Taxation" will be the subject of Dr. W. G. Eggleston before the Unitarian Club, Wednesday evening. This is one of the constitutional amendments which will be voted upon at the next election.

The club had decided to devote its next three meetings to discussions of the 38 amendments that come in November.

October is the proposed date for the amendment to be discussed by Rev. D. M. Gandler and D. D. Bowman, for dry and wet, respectively. October 28, Professor D. H. Reed will discuss the various amendments.

Hotel St. Mark  
Cor. 12th and Franklin Sts.  
Special Rates to Resident  
GuestsRooms \$20 UP  
Rooms \$25 Up MonthlyRooms \$25 Up Monthly  
Bath  
Suites Parlor \$40 UP  
Bed Room \$20 UP  
Bath  
Ball Room \$10.00 Evening  
Inspection SolicitedPAINLESS  
PATTERSON  
The dentist that does  
his work right  
Corps. 14th and Washington  
Opposite the Hotel St. Mark  
Open 10 a.m. to 12 m.  
OPEN EVENINGSJ. B. Schafhirt  
Dentist  
MACDONOUGH BLDG., 24 FLOOR  
1228 Broadway, Cor. 14th St.  
Phone Oct 1228  
Open Evenings

WORKERS END SERVICES

GRADUATES WILL WED  
PLAN SIMPLE MARRIAGELUTHERANS HAVE  
DEDICATION DAY WILL OPEN SEASON  
GRAMMAR SCHOOLSPastor Installed and St. Michael's Given to Service at  
Exercises.

BERKELEY, Sept. 28.—Services of dedication and installation held yesterday at St. Michael's Evangelical Lutheran Church attracted large audiences to both morning and afternoon meetings. In the morning Rev. Harvey Milton Leech was formally installed as pastor and in the afternoon the church received its dedication to service.

Following a processional hymn in the morning and an anthem, "Hear This Our Prayer," by Morrison, an address to the pastor was delivered by Rev. M. E. Bouton of The Dalles, Oregon. An address to the congregation was given by Rev. Emil Meyer of San Jose. The one impressed upon the minister the importance of his charge and the other upon the congregation the necessity of his co-operation. A second anthem, "How Lovely Are Thy Messengers," by Mendelssohn, and a hymn closed the service.

In the afternoon at 3:30 o'clock the visiting ministers and the congregation and choir as well as various worshippers attending from neighboring cities, assembled at the church and marched to the sanctuary on the Alcatraz side, singing a processional hymn. Arriving at the sanctuary door Rev. Oscar H. Green, acting pastor of the Christ Church of Alameda, led in prayer and Rev. N. P. Anseen, pastor of St. Paul's Church of Oakland, led a responsive reading.

KEYS DELIVERED.

The keys of the church were then delivered by the chairman of the trustee board to the minister, who opened the edifice for worship. A prayer was delivered by Rev. H. S. Feis of St. Mark's Church of San Francisco, and a responsive reading, led by Rev. Adolph Jatho of St. Andrew's San Francisco, was followed by a second prayer by Rev. John R. Brae of the First Lutheran Church of San Francisco. Scripture lessons were read by Rev. Herman Gehreke of St. Matthew's Church, and Rev. Phillip Andrew of Ebenezer Church, both of San Francisco.

The dedication prayer was recited by the pastor, Rev. Leech, after which he pronounced a formal dedication. Led by Rev. Andrew Kinnell, pastor of Bethany Church of this city, the Nicene Creed was recited by the congregation. The address of the afternoon was delivered by Rev. W. E. Bouton, The Dalles, Oregon, president of the Pacific Synod of the Lutheran Church. In the subsequent prayers and addresses Rev. Anseen and Rev. Jatho participated.

A recessional hymn closed the program.

St. Michael's Day has been set for September 29, tomorrow evening. An informal reception will be given by St. Michael's Guild. The annual meeting of the congregation will follow when the election of officers will be held.

ARREST CEMENT WORKER  
ON INSANITY CHARGE

RICHMOND, Sept. 28.—Bernard F. Hottinger, cement worker, has been taken into custody by the police and will be examined as by his case, Officer Frank P. G. A. R. Ladies' Circle, will be held Tuesday evening at Fraternal Hall, Department Commander Tuttle of San Francisco. Past Department Commander Thomas of Oakland and staff will appear.

The gathering will be uniform.

Hottinger has had numerous family troubles, his son Clifford having met with a severe accident which kept him in the hospital for months. His wife is also suing him for a divorce.

ANNUAL CAMPFIRE CARD  
IS ARRANGED BY LADIES

RICHMOND, Sept. 28.—The program for the annual campfire of the Richmond G. A. R. Ladies' Circle, will be held Tuesday evening at Fraternal Hall, Department Commander Tuttle of San Francisco. Past Department Commander Thomas of Oakland and staff will appear.

The gathering will be uniform.

Hottinger has had numerous family troubles, his son Clifford having met with a severe accident which kept him in the hospital for months. His wife is also suing him for a divorce.

SUDDEN ILLNESS OF  
MATRON ENDS IN DEATH

RICHMOND, Sept. 28.—Mrs. James A. Garoutte passed away suddenly at her home, 465 Nineteenth street, last evening. She had been ill but a few hours, and so suddenly was she stricken that three physicians were summoned to her home.

Her husband is an employee of the Standard Oil Company. He arrived home at 12 o'clock before her end. There are no children.

DEMOCRATS WILL OPEN  
CAMPAIGN THIS EVENING

RICHMOND, Sept. 28.—The Democratic state and county campaign will be opened by a meeting in the auditorium of the Richmond High School this evening, with Thomas E. F. Morris of San Francisco, who will be the principal speaker, and it is understood that at least one other prominent Democrat from San Francisco will be on hand.

It was hoped that John Barry Curtin, orator, and George, Governor, will be present.

E. H. McCandless, Past Commander B. B. Tuttle, quartet, G. A. R. Boys.

AUTOMOBILE RIDE  
ENDS IN TRAGEDY

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—Fourteen-year-old Josephine Flood, one of the St. Joseph's Orphanage children, who enjoyed "Kiddie" Day as guests of the Indoor Yacht Club yesterday afternoon, received a fractured skull and serious cuts in the head when the automobile in which she was riding back from the park was struck and smashed by another machine.

The L. T. C. motor car, filled with passengers from the orphanage, was hit at Twenty-second and Hampshire streets by a car driven by Bernard S. Gerlach of 4631 Eighteenth street. Little Josephine Flood was the only one hurt. At the Mission Emergency Hospital it was stated that her injuries would probably be fatal.

Gerlach, driver of the car which caused the accident, was arrested.

Peter Gunton, dairyman for the Castle Club, San Bruno road, while stepping off a Valencia car at Twenty-eighth street yesterday afternoon, was run down by an auto truck, driven by Thomas Hopkins. His left leg was broken.

Hopkins drove on without offering aid. He was arrested.

John Hess of 118 Fourteenth street was struck and badly bruised yesterday afternoon at Golden Gate avenue and Taylor street by an auto driven by H. W. Good of 2556 Jackson street.

Westside farmers, riding in an automobile on the country road near Redwood City, last night at 11 o'clock, were thrown off to their heads and badly hurt when a high-powered motor car struck them on the right side and turned them over and over again.

John Doyle and Joseph Pete, the two most serious injured, are at the Red Cross Hospital in San Mateo.

Shortstop Chubb, who plays with the Richmonders regularly, but who is also a student at the Oakland school, and who played with his classmates yesterday, was a feature.

LARGE AUDIENCE HEARS  
HALF-HOUR OF MUSIC

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Sept. 28.—To hear the program of the half-hour of music an audience of several hundred gathered in the Greek theater yesterday afternoon. The program, as announced, was Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Freeman, Erick Freeman, the former a pianist and the latter a soprano. Several of Freeman's original compositions were given. The program was much enjoyed by the audience.

WEATHERS STORMY TRIP.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 28.—The steamer Grace Dollar, which reached port today from Bandon, Ore., ran into a gale September 26 off Co.

San Francisco, and was driven ashore.

The vessel, which was en route to the

University, who is secretary of the

University, was arrested by the police.

WOMAN CHARGES BROTHER.

George Deasey was arrested last night on the complaint of his sister, Mrs. Marguerite Shannon, 1329 Seventy-ninth avenue, by Patrolman E. F. Lee on a charge of disturbing the peace.

Deasey was arraigned this morning before Judge Mortimer Smith. The arrest was the result of a family altercation.

NINETEEN SPEEDERS IN  
TOILS AT SAN JOSE

SAN JOSE, Sept. 28.—Nineteen auto-mobilists and motorcyclists, many of them from San Francisco and Oakland, arrested in a campaign inaugurated by the supervisors of Santa Clara county to keep up by night joy riders, have deposited money to guarantee their appearance before the police justice of the peace. All are charged with speed.

PAINLESS PATTERSON

The dentist that does his work right

Corps. 14th and Washington

Opposite the Hotel St. Mark

Open 10 a.m. to 12 m.

OPEN EVENINGS

WORKERS END SERVICES

RICHMOND, Sept. 28.—The Richmonders, who had the tables open at the St. Mary's College yesterday, defeating the Oakland collectors by 10 o'clock to 6.

Pop Arlett, the former Seal pitcher, who has been signed up by the Richmond Club to succeed Charles Burns, was on the mound and proved very effective.

Arling and visitors to two hits and fanned 14 of the 18.

Shortstop Chubb, who plays with the Richmonders regularly, but who is also a student at the Oakland school, and who played with his classmates yesterday, was a feature.

COLLEGE MAIDS SEEKING  
COIN FOR TOKIO WORK

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, Sept. 28.—The college Y. W. C. A. has set about collecting a fund of \$1000 with which to defray local expenses and to help in the work of the Y. W. C. A. there. The Tokio school under

Miss Margaret Mathews, a graduate of

the University, who is secretary of the

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**Haberdashers**  
WE WILL SEND YOU  
Parcel Post Prepaid  
A PAIR OF GENTLE  
**PRESIDENT**  
Suspenders  
For 35c  
This is a special "Parcel Post  
Offering" and sold at this price  
only on mail order.

**Money-Back**  
Smith  
12th and Washington, Oakland.

# Special Rural Delivery by the New Parcel Post

REDUCE THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

Your share of Uncle Sam's Great Gift to the people is now ready. The merchants on this page offer co-operation in helping you to profit by the Parcel Post and keeping California business in California.

## Regulations

## Aluminum Ware

## Confectionery.

## Dairy Supplies

## Fountain Pens

## Home Goods.

## Rubber Stamps

## WEIGHT, SIZE, ETC.

Parcel post matter for local, rural route and first and second zone shall embrace all matter including farm and factory products not law lumber, by factory, regular rates for 4c, 6c, and 8c. Higher, regular rates for 4c, 6c, and 8c, other prices are proportionate. We are the original aluminum price-cutters.

**PACIFIC STATES ALUMINUM CO.**  
1618 San Pablo Ave., Oakland, Cal.  
Phone Oakland 2707.

## Attorneys, Patents

## INVENTION

"The age of invention has just dawned. The accomplishments of the last half century will not begin to compare with what will be done in the next century." (Report of Commissioner of Patents.) Are you contributing anything to these accomplishments?

If so, protect it by a patent.

**HARRY C. SCHROEDER & CO.**  
Patents, trademarks and copyrights.  
111 First Nat'l Bank Bldg., Oakland, Cal.

## Aural Institute.

## IF YOU ARE DEAF

We can help you hear but not yet. A scientific method of treatment for this great drawback. This method is the newest and best treatment now known to the medical profession, both in America or in Europe. Come and see us for yourself.

**THE PACIFIC AURAL INSTITUTE.**  
State 721, Westward Bldg.  
630 Market St. S. F.

## Bakeries

**BAKERY**  
WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY CAKES  
TO ORDER.

Fruit Cakes 40c lb.; Pound Cakes 5c and 10c; Mocha Layers 25c and 50c; Van Dusen's Angel, Devil and Layers 15c to 50c. We are fully equipped to handle Parcel Post orders.

**PARCEL POST RULES.**

Parcels weighing four ounces or less are mailable at the rate of 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, regardless of distance. Parcels weighing more than four ounces are mailable at the following post rates, a fraction of a pound being computed as a full pound:

**RATES**  
Weights Local Zone 1 Zone 2  
1 pound .05 .05  
2 pounds .06 .06  
3 pounds .06 .07  
4 pounds .06 .08  
5 pounds .07 .09  
6 pounds .08 .10  
7 pounds .09 .11  
8 pounds .09 .12  
9 pounds .09 .13  
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43 pounds .26 .46  
44 pounds .26 .47  
45 pounds .26 .48  
46 pounds .26 .49  
47 pounds .26 .50  
48 pounds .26 .51  
49 pounds .26 .52  
50 pounds .26 .53  
51 pounds .26 .54

**INSURANCE ON PARCELS.**

A mail parcel may be insured for 5 cents on a valuation up to \$25 and 10 cents on a valuation over \$25 and up to \$50.

**C. O. D. SERVICE.**

The sender of a parcel on which the postage is fully prepaid may have the price of the article and the charges thereon collected from the addressee on payment of a fee of 10 cents in postage stamps affixed, provided the amount to be collected does not exceed \$10. Such a parcel will be insured against loss without additional charge, in an amount equivalent to its actual value, but not to exceed \$50.

The person to whom a package is addressed may be permitted to examine the contents of a C. O. D. parcel until it has been received for and all charges paid. C. O. D. parcels will not be accepted when addressed to the Philippines Islands.

**SPECIAL DELIVERY.**

The Postoffice Department has arranged that upon payment of 10 cents in postage a mail package will secure immediate delivery.

**ALL WORK GUARANTEED.**

**Marshall Steel Co.**

CLEANERS AND DYEERS.

3124 Center st., Berkeley, Cal.

CHARGES PREPAID.

3 lbs. Best Mocha and Java Coffee \$1.00

3 lbs. Extra Good Tea Any flavor \$1.00

Postpaid to any point in California.

J. A. HILL, 427 12th St.

OAKLAND, CAL.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

**Coffees, Teas**

3 lbs. Best Mocha and Java Coffee \$1.00

3 lbs. Extra Good Tea Any flavor \$1.00

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J. A. HILL, 427 12th St.

OAKLAND, CAL.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

**CATHOLIC FEDERATION**

OPENS ITS CONVENTION

BALTIMORE, Sept. 23.—Intimating

that it was time for Catholics in the

United States to protest to the Wash-

ington government against the alleged brutal

treatment of thousands of Catholics in

Mexico, Bishop Joseph Schrembs of To-

ledo preached a stirring sermon at the

cathedral here yesterday morning.

The occasion was the opening of the

thirteenth annual convention of the

American Federation of Catholic Societies

with a solemn high mass at which

Cardinal James Gibbons was present, and

spoke in approval of the bishop's ser-

mon.

Bishop Schrembs contrasted the great

outcry from "men of all faiths and of no

faith" over the impounding a few years

ago of a Russian Jew for alleged ritual

murder with the seeming indifference of

the American people to conditions in

Mexico, where, he declared, priests and

bishops have been robbed of all that pos-

sesses, tortured and exiled and "num-

berous of women who have sacrificed their

lives for their Catholic faith have been

handed over to that which is worse than

death—the lust of an inhuman soldier."

Pay as you go, and people will be glad

to see you come back.

—Advertiser.

CHAMBERLAIN'S LINIMENT.

If you are ever troubled with aches

peins, pains, rheumatism, etc., you

will appreciate the good qualities of

Chamberlain's Liniment. Many sufferers have used

it with the best results. It is especially

valuable for lumbago and lame back. For

sale by Osgood Bros. Drug Store.

—Advertiser.

SECRET WIRELESS NEAR S. F. REPORTED FOUND

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—Persistent

rumors were current in this city today

that federal authorities had unearthed

a secret wireless station operated by for-

merals within a short radius of San

Francisco. The report added that ar-

rests would be made in the next day or

so that the wireless apparatus

would be either seized or destroyed.

It has been known for some time that

there has been at least one mysterious

wireless station which has successfully

kept hidden and has equally successfully

communicated with warships.

Admiral Charles F. Pond, commandant

of the Twelfth Naval District, the official

who recently sealed five private wireless

stations in this part of the country, de-

clared today that the report of the dis-

covery was to an outlaw radio station was

news to him.

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# Heart TRIBUNE'S PAGE for WOMEN Home

## Society

### Society Finds Imitation Even In Originality

Girls, Though Strangers, Duplicate Unique Announcement in Two Cities.



MRS. EARL ALEXANDER, WHO WILL BE HOSTESS AT A TEA ON FRIDAY.—Scharz photo.

Speaking of betrothal songs, announcing engagements at afternoon teas in compositions written for the occasion, the idea was used with effect by an Oakland girl.

She hadn't copied the original Berkeley girl's way, because the announcement were almost simultaneous. She had, however, devised to tell the news of her approaching marriage in a new and different way, and appealed to a musical and literary friend.

The Oakland girl and the Berkeley girl have never met. Neither knew the other's intention last week to announce an engagement. Far less, the manner of announcement contemplated. It was just coincidence that they thought of the same way. One of those coincidences that are explained by telepathy.

The Oakland girl had one advantage. Her fiance's name lent itself admirably to the idea. She is Miss Maude Lozee and he is Groves Dove.

The musical and literary friend who arranged the melody and wrote the words was inspired. She accomplished a masterpiece of its sort that was sung at the tea to announce the betrothal.

It would have been better, perhaps, had their names been reversed—had she been the Dove to be caged. But why be capious?

**GUESTS AT SUTRO HOME.**

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gilman Norris (Kathleen Thompson Norris) were guests, over the week-end, of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Sutro in Piedmont. The Sutros returned last week from a visit to Shasta Springs.

**GAETY CLUB DANCE.**

Members of the Gaety Club met a few evenings ago to plan the Gaety dances for the season. The club, which is made up of about 30 girls of the exclusive set of Berkeley and Oakland, is like the Gaety Club of San Francisco, which includes belles of the younger set and women not engaged. Girls are allowed to be present, but are not admitted to give dances this season at the Twentieth Century Club in Berkeley, the first to take place November 14. Invitations have been sent to fourteen new members to take the place of those who have transferred since their engagements were announced, or who are away for the winter. Miss Mary Gayley, who will spend the winter in the east, is one of the prominent members who is not a member of the Gaety and Miss Elizabeth Page, and Miss Corona and Miss Florence Williams.

**MISS ROETH'S DANCE.**

Miss Guglielmo Roeth's dance Saturday evening at her home in Piedmont, was a jolly affair of 400, the young people who were seated at tables and caryatidiums, in the autumn colors. The dance was in honor of Miss Rosalie Ogden and Miss Elizabeth Morrison, two of the season's engagements, and among the other guests were Mr. and Mrs. James McLean, Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. Emerson, Miss Helen Beckwith, Miss Agnes and Miss Harriet Ehrenberg, Miss Margaret Garthwaite, Miss Margaret Collier, Gordon Williams, Clarence Ogden, Stanley King, Gene Douglass, John Hendricks, Lloyd Ricker, and John Beckwith.

**RECEIVE CONGRATULATIONS.**

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Eshelman are receiving congratulations on the birth of their son, John M. Eshelman, who occurred last week. The small boy is the third child in the household, where there are two little girls. Mrs. Eshelman was Miss Elizabeth Ledgett, a popular University of California girl before she married.

**MRS. WILHELM ENTERTAINS.**

Mrs. George Wilhelm was hostess at an informal tea Friday afternoon, entertain- ing a score of her friends. Mrs. Wilhelm is giving a series of these informal afternoons.

**TO WED CHICO BELLE.**

The engagement of Miss Doris Korn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Korn, of Corte, to Meyer Markowitz of Oakland, has been announced. Miss Korn is the daughter of the Oakland business man, and has many friends here as well as in Chico, where her family has resided for a number of years. Her fiance is a well-known young business man of Chico, whose wedding will not take place until next year, and will probably be in San Francisco, where the bride-elect has relatives.

**NORMAL FALL WEATHER GOVERNMENT FORECAST.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Normal fall weather, with little rain, was forecast by the weather bureau last night for this week.

"There will be frequent showers in the North Pacific States," the bulletin says, "and showers will attend a disturbance that will appear in the far West Monday or Tuesday and move eastward, crossing the great central valleys about Wednesday and the Eastern States on Thursday and Friday. Otherwise the week will be one of generally fair weather."

This disturbance will be preceded by falling temperature and will be followed by a change to cooler weather over the northern half of the country.

Temperatures during the week will average near the normal over practically all parts of the country."

**WRECK VICTIMS ARE RESCUED BY WIRELESS.**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Four officers and fifty-six men aboard the revenue cutter Tahoma, which was sent ashore on the Western Aleutian Islands last week have been picked up by the steamer Cordova and surveyed ship Patterson near Agattu Island. Advice yesterday to revenue cutter headmen said search now was proceeding for twenty-three others from the Tahoma who landed from boats on islands near by.

It is to the skin that blood impurities are driven by Nature. And it is in the skin that S. S. S. the famous blood purifier, has its most pronounced action. S. S. S. is none the less effective in the joints, glands and mucous surfaces in driving out rheumatism, overworking bolls and ridding the system of catarrh.

The pure vegetable ingredients in S. S. S. are naturally assimilated but they enter the blood as an active medicine and are not destroyed or converted into a waste. It is this power of S. S. S. that makes it so effective in giving a strong action at the source of the body, and its digestive secretions stimulate the blood circulation to destroy disease breeding germs.

Four ounces of the blood S. S. S. is carried throughout your body in about three minutes. And in a brief time it has all blood trouble under control that is no longer can multiply. Gradually new flesh is formed in all broken down tissues and the cells of the body gain strength of health. Be sure and get a bottle of S. S. S. today of any druggist, for it is a substitute.

Around the bottle is an illustrated circular that tells you how to obtain special free advice in quickly overcoming various blood disorders. S. S. S. is produced only by the Swift Specific Co., 59

East Main, Atlanta, Ga.

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Four ounces of the blood S. S. S. is carried throughout your body in about three minutes. And in a brief time it has all blood trouble under control that is no longer can multiply. Gradually new flesh is formed in all broken down tissues and the cells of the body gain strength of health. Be sure and get a bottle of S. S. S. today of any druggist, for it is a substitute.

Around the bottle is an illustrated circular that tells you how to obtain special free advice in quickly overcoming various blood disorders. S. S. S. is produced only by the Swift Specific Co., 59

East Main, Atlanta, Ga.

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# WHY ENGLAND AND GERMANY WENT TO WAR

## THE 'WHITE PAPERS' OF ENGLAND AND GERMANY

### ENGLAND'S 'WHITE PAPER'

#### Complete Correspondence That Led Up to Her Declaration of War Against Germany

THE OAKLAND TRIBUNE prints here the full text of what is called "The White Paper" of the British Government, giving the official diplomatic correspondence that immediately preceded England's declaration of war against Germany.

This is one of the most important series of documents bearing upon the European situation. It was issued in the form of a "Blue Book" by the British Foreign Office on August 5. This is a quarto pamphlet containing the dispatches and documents that were exchanged between the British Foreign Secretary, Sir Edward Grey, and the British Ambassador on the Continent respecting the crisis produced by the Austro-Hungarian note sent to Serbia on July 23, and the subsequent invasion of Serbia by the forces of Austria-Hungary.

In all, "The White Paper" contains 159 documents, all included within a period of less than a fortnight, showing how sudden and intense was the crisis and how extreme was the diplomatic activity that accompanied its development.

But "The White Paper" even anticipates the Austro-Hungarian note of July 23, for the first dispatch, dated July 20, gives the account of a conversation between Sir Edward Grey and the German Ambassador in regard to the disquieting situation between Austria-Hungary and Serbia. The last, which is dated Aug. 4, is the British ultimatum presented to Germany in regard to the latter's violation of the integrity of Belgian territory.

One of the most interesting statements in the whole series of documents is that by the German Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to the effect that, though accused of knowing all about Austria's ultimatum to Serbia, he had, in fact, no such knowledge.

In a dispatch from the British Ambassador at Berlin Sir Edward Goschen, Sir Edward Grey is informed that the German Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, suggests that if Germany undertakes not to occupy French territory after a successful war Great Britain should refrain from intervening, even though Germany would not pledge herself not to take over French colonies.

To this Sir Edward Grey sends a reply, remarking that "it would be a disgrace to us to make this bargain with Germany as the expense of France's disgrace from which the good name of this country would never recover."

In the third dispatch, dated July 31, Sir Edward Grey instructs Sir Edward Goschen to say to the German Government that if the latter will make proposals for an adjustment of the difficulty between Russia and Austria-Hungary, and if the Russian Government unreasonably rejects such proposals, His Majesty's Government will have nothing more to do with the consequences." He also mentions the fact that he has already warned the German Ambassador at London that if France becomes involved in the dispute Great Britain would certainly be drawn in.

All through the correspondence Sir Edward Grey does not regard a quarrel between Austria-Hungary and Serbia or one between Austria and Russia as a direct concern of the British Government—what he does regard as a direct concern is a situation which would involve France and violate the integrity of Belgium.

The series of detached passages in the main documents shows that Germany and Austria confidently counted on the neutrality of Great Britain. Here is "The White Paper" in full:

#### ENGLAND'S 'WHITE PAPER'

NO. 1.  
Sir Edward Grey to Sir E. Goschen.  
London, Foreign Office, July 20, 1914.

I asked the German Ambassador today if he had any news of what was going on in Vienna with regard to Serbia.

He said that he had not, but Austria was certainly going to take some step, and he regarded the situation as very uncomfortable.

I said that I had not heard anything recently, except that Count Berchtold, in speaking to the Italian Ambassador in Vienna, had deprecated the suggestion that the situation was grave, but had said that it should be cleared up.

The German Ambassador said that it was not a very desirable thing if Russia could act as a mediator with regard to Serbia.

I said that I assumed that the Austrian Government would not do anything until they had first disclosed to the public their case against Serbia, founded primarily upon what they had discovered at the trial.

The Ambassador said that he certainly assumed that they would act upon some case that would be made known.

I said that he was waiting, I waited for others, and Austria to counsel moderation in Belgrade. In fact, the more Austria could keep her demand within reasonable limits, and the stronger the justification she could produce for making any demand, the more chance there was of something being done.

The Ambassador said that it was absolutely necessary for Austria to protect herself.

I said that I could not comment upon that case.

I said that I could not comment upon what Count Berchtold had said this afternoon, but I could not rule out the possibility of some action upon the part of the Austrian Government.

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# Documents Preceding England's War Declaration

(Con. From Preceding Page)

Severa and Russian war preparations, that Russia should march to the Danube, it would be very dangerous to let Austria note to precipitate military action, and so to gain more time, that she could influence Austria in the direction of a general war. The Secretary of State should inform Secretary of State.

Prince Liebknecht said that Austria might be expected to move, if the time limit expired. Secretary of State gave no definite acceptance of American demands in this regard.

Excellency suggested that a telegram only must in no case be sent to Russia via a reply cable, but that a note must be sent at once, so that a protest against immediate action might be forwarded to Austria.

No. 12. Sir Edward Grey to Mr. Crackanthorpe.

London, Foreign Office, July 24, 1914.

Serbia ought to protest at once. If it is proved that Serbian officials, however subordinate they may be, were accomplices in the murder of Archduke Sarajevo, then Austria should be asked for satisfaction. She certainly ought to express concern and regret. For the real Serbian Government must reply to Austria's demands as they consider best in the circumstances.

It is impossible to stir up a military action in France, and the immediate difficulties can be averted by anything but unconditional acceptance of her demands, but only chance appears to lie in avoiding an absolute refusal and replying favorably to as many points as the time limit allows.

Serbian Minister here has begged that His Majesty's Government will express their views, but I cannot undertake responsibility of saying more than I have said above, and I do not like to say anything which would offend the French and Russian Governments. You should therefore consult your French and Russian colleagues as to replying what my views are, as expressed above, to Serbia.

I have written upon German Ambassador that Austria should not precipitate military action.

No. 13. Note Communicated by Russian Ambassador, July 25.

(Translation.) MC Sazonov telegraphs to the Russian Charge d'Affaires at Vienna on the 11th (24th) July, 1914.

The communication made by Austria-Hungary to the Powers the day after the presentation of the ultimatum at Belgrade leaves a period to the Powers which is quite insufficient to enable them to take any step which might help to smooth away the difficulties that have arisen.

In order to prevent the consequences, equally incalculable and fatal to all the Powers, which may result from the course of action followed by the Austro-Hungarian Government, it seems to us to be above all essential that the time allowed for the Serbian reply should be extended. Austria-Hungary, having declared her readiness to inform the Powers of the results of the inquiry upon which the Imperial and Royal Government based their accusations, should equally allow them sufficient time to study them.

In this case, if the Powers were convinced that certain of the Austrian demands were founded, they would be in position to offer advice to the Serbian Government.

A refusal to prolong the term of the ultimatum would render nugatory the proposals made by the Austro-Hungarian Government to the Powers and would give a conclusive proof to the very bases of international relations.

Prince Kudachoff is instructed to communicate the above to the Cabinet at Vienna.

It is most hoped that the British Majesty's Government will show to the point of view set forth above, and he trusts that Sir E. Grey will see his way to furnish similar instructions to the British Ambassador at Vienna.

No. 14. Sir Edward Grey to Sir F. Bertie and Sir G. Buchanan.

(Telegraphic.) London, Foreign Office, July 25, 1914.

Austrian Ambassador has been authorized to take the step taken at Belgrade, was not an ultimatum, but a demarche with a time limit, and that if the Austrian demands were not complied with within the time limit the Austro-Hungarian Government would be in a position to take military action.

In his opinion Austria will only be restrained by the unconditional acceptance by the Serbian Government of her note.

There is reliable information that Austria intends to seize the Salonica Rail-

way.

No. 15. Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 25.)

Paris, July 25, 1914. I learn from the Acting Political Director that the French Government has not yet received the explanation from the Austrian Government contained in your telegram today. They have, however, told the Serbian Minister here, given similar advice to Serbia as was contained in your telegram to Belgrade of yesterday. See No. 12.

No. 16. Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 25.)

Paris, July 25, 1914. Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs has no suggestions to make except a moderating advice might be given at Vienna as well as at Belgrade. He hopes that the Serbian Government's answer to the Austrian ultimatum will be sufficiently favorable to obviate extreme measures, but he is anxious that there would be a revolution in Serbia if she were to accept the Austrian demands in their entirety.

No. 17. Sir G. Buchanan to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 25.)

St. Petersburg, July 25, 1914. I send the Minister for Foreign Affairs the information you have communicated to him. His Excellency the Ambassador to the Imperial and Royal Government, and the Ambassador to the Austrian and Hungarian Government, both his Excellency and the French Ambassador agreed that it is too late to make such a communication, as the time limit expires this evening.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs said as regards the former, that the explanations of the Austrian Ambassador did not quite correspond with the information he had received from German quarters. As regards the latter, both his Excellency and the French Ambassador agreed that it is too late to make such a communication, as the time limit expires this evening.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs said that the Minister for Foreign Affairs had suggested and to settle those, proved to be guilty, but that no independent State could be expected to accept the political demands which had been made. His Excellency the Minister for Foreign Affairs thought from a conversation which he had with the Serbian Minister yesterday, that in the event of the Austro-Hungarian attacking Serbia, the Serbian Government would abandon Belgrade and withdraw their forces into the interior and that the Powers, and especially to the Powers to help them. His Excellency was in favor of their making this appeal. He would like to see the question placed on an international footing, as the obligations upon Serbia in Austria, the reference is made in your telegram to Paris, and this afternoon I discussed with him the communication which the French Ambassador suggested should be made to the Serbian Government. He says, however, that there would be a revolution in Serbia if she were to accept the Austrian demands in their entirety.

No. 18. Sir G. Buchanan to Sir Edward Grey.

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No. 19. Mr. Crackanthorpe to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 25.)

Paris, July 25, 1914. The Council of Ministers is now drawing up their reply to the Austrian note. I am informed by the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs that it will be submitted to the Council of Ministers and will meet the Austrian ultimatum with a large measure of moderation.

The Serbian Government consider that unless the Austrian Government want war at any cost, they cannot but be content with the full satisfaction of their Excellency.

No. 20. Mr. Crackanthorpe to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 25.)

Paris, July 25, 1914. The Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs has no suggestions to make except a moderating advice might be given at Vienna as well as at Belgrade. He hopes that the Serbian Government's answer to the Austrian ultimatum will be sufficiently favorable to obviate extreme measures, but he is anxious that there would be a revolution in Serbia if she were to accept the Austrian demands in their entirety.

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No. 24. Sir Edward Grey to Sir G. Buchanan.

(Telegraphic.)

London, Foreign Office, July 25, 1914. You spoke quite rightly in very difficult circumstances as to the attitude of His Majesty's Government. I entirely

believe that the Russian Government would march to the Danube, and she would take your suggestion of yesterday, and I consider that Russia would be in a position to do so.

As far as I am concerned, I am not in a position to say what would be the best course of action, but I do not believe that the Russian Government would be in a position to do so.

As far as I am concerned, I am not in a position to say what would be the best course of action, but I do not believe that the Russian Government would be in a position to do so.

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# England's Complete Diplomatic Correspondence

(Con. From Preceding Page)

Government. I feared that it would be expected in St. Petersburg that the Austrian reply would come from the Emperor, and not when Russia found that there was increased tension in the situation would become increasingly serious. Already the effect on Europe was the effect of anxiety. I pointed out that our fleet was not being disposed of, and that it was not feasible to let it disperse. We did not think of calling up reserves at this moment, and there was no mention in what we had done about our fleet; but owing to the possibility of a British mobilization, it was important for us to disperse our forces at this moment. I gave this as an illustration of the anxiety that was felt. It seemed to me that the Serbian reply already involved the greatest human cost to us, and that it was ever so much more serious than ever to be at a standstill under such a condition. It was not satisfactory as it was.

I am, etc., E. GREY.

Sir Edward Grey to Sir R. Rodd, London, Foreign Office.

July 27, 1914.

Sir: The Italian Ambassador informed me that the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs agreed entirely with my proposal for a conference to be held in London.

As regards the question of asking Russia, Austria-Hungary, and Serbia to suspend military operations pending the result of the conference, the Marquis di San Giuliano would recommend the suggestion warmly to the German Government, and would inquire what procedure they would propose should be followed at Vienna. I am, etc.

E. GREY.

No. 49. Sir Edward Grey to Sir R. Rodd, London, Foreign Office.

July 27, 1914.

Sir: The Italian Ambassador informed me that the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs agreed entirely with my proposal for a conference to be held in London.

As regards the question of asking Russia, Austria-Hungary, and Serbia to suspend military operations pending the result of the conference, the Marquis di San Giuliano would recommend the suggestion warmly to the German Government, and would inquire what procedure they would propose should be followed at Vienna. I am, etc.

E. GREY.

No. 50. Sir M. de Bunsen to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 21.)

Vienna, July 25, 1914.

Sir: I have the honor to transmit to you herewith the text of the Austrian-Hungarian note announcing the declaration of war against Serbia. I have, etc.

MAURICE DE BUNSEN.

ENCLOSURE IN NO. 50. Copy of Note verbale dated Vienna, July 25, 1914.

(Translation)

In order to bring to an end the subversive intrigues originating from Belgrade and aimed at the territorial integrity of Austria-Hungary, the Minister of the Imperial and Royal Government has delivered to the Royal Serbian Government a note in which a series of demands were formulated, for the acceptance of which a delay of forty-eight hours was granted to the Royal Serbian Government. The Royal Serbian Government not having answered this note in a satisfactory manner, the Imperial and Royal Government are themselves compelled to see to the safeguarding of their rights and interests, and, with this object, to have recourse to the use of war.

Austria-Hungary, who has just addressed to Serbia a formal declaration in conformity with Article 1 of the convention of the 18th October, 1907, relative to the opening of hostilities, considers herself rewarmed in a state of war with Serbia.

In bringing the above notice of His Britannic Majesty's Embassy, the Ministry for Foreign Affairs has the honor to declare that Austria-Hungary will act in accordance with the terms of the Convention of the 18th October, 1907, as also with those of the Declaration of London of the 28th February, 1908, provided an analogous procedure is adopted by Serbia.

The embassy is requested to be so good as to communicate the present notification as soon as possible to the British Government.

No. 51. Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 25.)

Paris, July 27, 1914.

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith copy of a memorandum from the acting Minister for Foreign Affairs as to the steps to be taken to prevent an outbreak of hostilities between Austria-Hungary and Serbia. I have, etc.

FRANCIS BERTIE.

ENCLOSURE IN NO. 51. Note communicated to Sir F. Bertie by M. Blenvenu-Martin.

(Translation)

In a note of this month, his Excellency the British Ambassador informed the Government of the Republic, the only possible way of assuring the maintenance of peace in case of the relations between Russia and Austria becoming more strained, but by the representatives of Great Britain, France, and Italy in Austria and Russia were to take joint action; and he expressed the wish to know if the Government of the Republic were disposed to withdraw such a suggestion.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs and Interim has the honor to inform his Excellency Sir F. Bertie that he has requested M. Jules Cambon to concert with the British Ambassador in Germany and to support my representation which they may find it advisable to make to the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

In accordance with the desire expressed by the British Government and conveyed to them by Sir F. Bertie in his note of the 26th of this month, the Government of the Republic has adopted, as far as possible, the measures to take in the conference which Sir E. Grey has proposed with a view to discovering a means of settling the present difficulties.

The Government of the Republic is likewise desirous to instruct my representatives at St. Petersburg, Vienna, and Belgrade to induce the Government to abstain from all active military operations pending the results of this conference. He considers, however, that the chance of Sir E. Grey's proposal being accepted essentially on the action which the Berlin Government would be willing to take in the conference, and that the latter would be quite satisfied if Austria-Hungary were to be induced to accept the proposal.

M. Jules Cambon has informed me that the British Ambassador in Germany and Italy, and the French Ambassador in Russia, have agreed to support my representation which they may find it advisable to make to the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Sir R. Rodd to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 28.)

(Telegraphic)

Rome, July 27, 1914.

Minister for Foreign Affairs greatly doubts whether Germany will be willing to invite Austria to send military agents to the conference. He considers that military action may be practically deferred by the fact of the conference meeting at once. As at present informed, he sees no possibility of Austria receding from any point laid down in the note of the 28th of July, 1914, in which Austria-Hungary had accepted the proposal of the Conference.

The Austro-Hungarian Government had in the meantime published a long official explanation of grounds on which Austria-Hungary had refused to accept the proposal of the Conference.

He considers that the Conference meeting at once will be quite practicable, as far as possible, and that the Conference will be able to reach a decision.

He has heard from his Government that the Conference will be held in Vienna, and that the British Ambassador in Vienna, and the French Ambassador in Belgrade, will be present.

The French Ambassador in Belgrade has received instructions to consult first the British Ambassador in Vienna, and then to support any action taken by the latter in this matter.

M. Jules Cambon has informed me that the British Ambassador in Vienna, and the French Ambassador in Belgrade, will be present at the Conference.

Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 28.)

(Telegraphic)

Paris, July 27, 1914.

The British Ambassador came to ascertain whether we think it desirable that Great Britain should take the initiative in concluding a conference in London with the representatives of England, France, Germany, and Italy to examine the possibility of a way out of the present situation.

I replied to the Ambassador that I had a long conversation with the Austrian Ambassador under condition which I hope may be favorable. I have not, however, received as yet any reply to the proposal made by me for revising the note between the two Cabinets.

If direct explanations with the Vienna Government were to prove impossible, I should like to suggest that the Austrian reply would be a good one, and any other proposal of a kind that would bring about a favorable solution of the conflict.

I wish, however, to put an end from day to day to a misunderstanding which exists between us, and which may give rise to the French Minister of Justice to the German Ambassador regarding counsels of moderation to be given to the Imperial Cabinet.

No. 52. M. Sazonov to Count Benckendorff.

(Communicated by Count Benckendorff.)

July 28, 1914.

(Telegraphic)

St. Petersburg, July 28, 1914.

My interview with the German Ambassador confirms my impression that Germany is, if anything, in favor of the uncompromising attitude adopted by Austria.

The Berlin Cabinet, who could have prevented the whole of this crisis, seems to be exercising no influence on their ally.

The Ambassador considers that the Serbian reply is insufficient.

This attitude of the German Government is not, I believe, due to any lack of desire to make another attempt at Berlin to induce the German Government to take the necessary action. There is no doubt that the key of the situation is to be found at Berlin.

No. 53. Sir E. Grey to Sir R. Rodd, London, Foreign Office.

(Received July 28.)

July 27, 1914.

(Telegraphic)

Sir: The Italian Ambassador informed me that the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs agreed entirely with my proposal for a conference to be held in London.

As regards the question of asking Russia, Austria-Hungary, and Serbia to suspend military operations pending the result of the conference, the Marquis di San Giuliano would recommend the suggestion warmly to the German Government, and would inquire what procedure they would propose should be followed at Vienna. I am, etc.

E. GREY.

No. 54. Sir Edward Grey to Sir R. Rodd, London, Foreign Office.

(Received July 28.)

July 27, 1914.

(Telegraphic)

St. Petersburg, July 27, 1914.

With reference to my telegram of yesterday, I saw the Minister for Foreign Affairs this afternoon and found him very conciliatory and more optimistic.

He would, he said, use all his influence at Berlin to induce the German Government to go as far as possible in giving satisfaction to Austria, but his territorial integrity must be guaranteed and her right as a sovereign State respected, so that she should not become Austria's vassal. He did not, however, say that Austria would accept friendly exchange of views which he had proposed, but, if she did, he wished to keep in close contact with the other Powers throughout the conversations that would ensue.

I have again referred to the fact that the obligation which Serbia had in 1909, alluded to in the Austrian ultimatum, was given to the Powers.

I asked if he had heard of your proposal with regard to conference of the four Powers, and on his reply, I directed him to my confidential of your instructions to me, and inquired whether instead of such a conference he would prefer a direct exchange of views, which he had proposed. The German Ambassador said that the German Government, in a memorandum of the 18th October, 1907, relative to the opening of hostilities, considers itself rewarmed in a state of war with Serbia.

His Excellency said he was perfectly ready to stand aside if the Powers accepted the proposal for a conference in conformity with Article 1 of the convention of the 18th October, 1907, relative to the opening of hostilities, considers itself rewarmed in a state of war with Serbia.

In taking leave of his Excellency, I begged him to believe that if in the course of present grave crisis our point of view should sometimes differ from his, this would not be a matter that could be settled directly between the two parties immediately concerned. I said that you would hear with regret that hostilities could not be averted, as you feared that they might lead to complications threatening the peace of Europe.

In taking leave of his Excellency, I begged him to believe that if in the course of present grave crisis our point of view should sometimes differ from his, this would not be a matter that could be settled directly between the two parties immediately concerned. I said that you would hear with regret that hostilities could not be averted, as you feared that they might lead to complications threatening the peace of Europe.

Sir: I have the honor to transmit to you herewith copy of a memorandum from the acting Minister for Foreign Affairs as to the steps to be taken to prevent an outbreak of hostilities between Austria-Hungary and Serbia. I have, etc.

E. GREY.

No. 55. Sir E. Grey to Sir R. Rodd, London, Foreign Office.

(Received July 28.)

July 27, 1914.

(Telegraphic)

Vienna, July 27, 1914.

The Russian Ambassador had today a long and earnest conversation with Baron A. Macchìo, the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and told him that he was well acquainted with the views of the Russian Government and the state of Russian public opinion. He could assure him that if actual war broke out, he would be prepared to do his best to avert it. He said that Russia was not prepared to give war again, as she had done on previous occasions, and especially during the annexation crisis of 1909. He earnestly hoped that something would be done to prevent a recurrence of such a crisis.

The Russian Ambassador said that he would be compelled to take such a step if Austria-Hungary had taken a place in the Danube, in which the Servians had been aggressors.

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Sir: I have the honor to transmit to you herewith copy of a memorandum from the acting Minister for Foreign Affairs as to the steps to be taken to prevent an outbreak of hostilities between Austria-Hungary and Serbia. I have, etc.

E. GREY.

No. 56. Sir M. de Bunsen to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 28.)

July 27, 1914.

(Telegraphic)

Vienna, July 27, 1914.

The Russian Ambassador had today a long and earnest conversation with Baron A. Macchìo, the Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and told him that he was well acquainted with the views of the Russian Government and the state of Russian public opinion. He could assure him that if actual war broke out, he would be prepared to do his best to avert it. He said that Russia was not prepared to give war again, as she had done on previous occasions, and especially during the annexation crisis of 1909. He earnestly hoped that something would be done to prevent a recurrence of such a crisis.

The Russian Ambassador said that he would be compelled to take such a step if Austria-Hungary had taken a place in the Danube, in which the Servians had been aggressors.

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In taking leave of his Excellency, I begged him to believe that if in the course of present grave crisis our point of view should sometimes differ from his, this would not be a matter that could be settled directly between the two parties immediately concerned. I said that you would hear with regret that hostilities could not be averted, as you feared that they might lead to complications threatening the peace of Europe.

Sir: I have the honor to transmit to you herewith copy of a memorandum from the acting Minister for Foreign Affairs as to the steps to be taken to prevent an outbreak of hostilities between Austria-Hungary and Serbia. I have, etc.

E. GREY.

No. 57. Sir R. Rodd to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 28.)

(Telegraphic)

Rome, July 27, 1914.

Minister for Foreign Affairs greatly doubts whether Germany will be willing to invite Austria to send military agents to the conference. He considers that military action may be practically deferred by the fact of the conference meeting at once. As at present informed, he sees no possibility of Austria receding from any point laid down in the note of the 28th of July, 1914, in which Austria-Hungary had accepted the proposal of the Conference.

The Austro-Hungarian Government had in the meantime published a long official explanation of grounds on which Austria-Hungary had refused to accept the proposal of the Conference.

He considers that the Conference meeting at once will be quite practicable, as far as possible, and that the Conference will be able to reach a decision.

He has heard from his Government that the Conference will be held in Vienna, and that the British Ambassador in Vienna, and the French Ambassador in Belgrade, will be present.

The French Ambassador in Belgrade has received instructions to consult first the British Ambassador in Vienna, and then to support any action taken by the latter in this matter.

M. Jules Cambon has informed me that the British Ambassador in Vienna, and the French Ambassador in Belgrade, will be present at the Conference.

Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received July 28.)

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# Documents Preceding England's War Declaration

(Con. From Preceding Page)

that I should be able to keep as closely in touch with the German Government in working for peace, but if we failed in our efforts to keep the peace, then it would be up to us to take up the cudgels. I, however, when I did not wish it to be known to any person from him that he friendly took part in our behalf, had to keep him in the Government, but I suppose that was a good idea, and it was a good idea to keep him, if ever he had to be seen, in the course of things, and have been different.

The German Ambassador took an extended interview with Count Berthold, and told me that it accorded with what he had already given in Berlin as his view of the situation.

I am, &c.,  
E. GREY.

No. 50.  
Sir Edward Grey to Sir E. Goschen.  
London, Foreign Office, July 29, 1914.

In addition to what passed with the German Ambassador this morning, as reported in my telegram of July 27, 1914, to you, I enclose a copy of the Ambassador's telegram of the 28th July, and of my reply to it. I said I had begun to doubt the Austrian demands by telegram, and that the Austrian Ambassador would now satisfy Austria. But there appeared, from what the Marquis di San Giuliano had said, to be a method by which, if the Powers were allowed to have their way, they could bring about a complete satisfaction for Austria. If only the latter would give them an opportunity, I could, however, make no proposal, for the reasons I have given. My telegram to you, you will only give, with the Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs had said to the German Ambassador for information, as long as it was understood that Austria would accept no discussion with the Powers over her demands. Sir E. Goschen, however, told me that, in his opinion, there was a good deal of room for negotiation between Austria and Russia. I said it could not take the form simply of urging Russia to stand on one side while Austria had a free hand to go to and fro. That, however, was not entirely agreed, but it was a putting pressure upon Russia in the interests of Austria. The German Ambassador said the view of the German Government was that Austria could not be forced to be humiliated and could not add his signature as a third Power, but it was entirely agreed, but it was not a question of humiliating Austria. It was a question of how far Austria meant to push the humiliation of others. There must, of course, be some small amount of force, but Austria might press things so far as to involve the humiliation of Russia.

The German Ambassador said that Austria would not take Servian territory, and, when I observed that he might, he said, "Yes, but it is a question of independence. Austria might turn Servia into a vassal State, and this would affect the whole position of Russia in the Balkans.

There was danger of European conflict if this was impossible to say who would not be drawn into it. Even the Netherlands apparently were taking precautions.

The German Ambassador said emphatically that some means must be found of preserving the peace of Europe. I am, &c.,  
E. GREY.

See No. 54. \*\*See No. 64. \*\*\*See No. 56.

No. 51.  
Sir Edward Grey to Sir M. de Bunsen.  
London, Foreign Office, July 29, 1914.

Sir: The Austrian Ambassador told me today he had read a long memorandum, which he proposed to leave, and which he said gave an account of the conduct of Servia towards Austria, and an explanation of how necessary the Austrian action was.

I said that I did not wish to discuss the merits of the question between Austria and Servia. The news today seemed to me very bad for the peace of Europe.

The Powers were allowed to help in getting satisfaction for Austria, which they might get if they were given an opportunity, and European peace was at stake.

Count Berthold said that the war with Servia must proceed. Austria could not continue to be exposed to the necessity of mobilizing again and again, as she had been obliged to do in recent years. She had no idea of territorial aggrandizement, but she wished to make sure that her interests were safe.

I said it would be quite possible, without nominally interfering with the independence of Servia, or taking away any of her territories, to turn her into a sort of vassal State.

Count Berthold deprecated this.

In reply to some further remarks of mine, to effect that the Austrian action might have given the Austrian position in the Balkans, he said that, before the Balkan war, Servia had always been regarded as being in the Austrian sphere of influence. I am, &c.,  
E. GREY.

No. 52.  
Sir Edward Grey to Sir R. Rodd.  
London, Foreign Office, July 29, 1914.

Sir: The Italian Ambassador made me today a communication from the Marquis di San Giuliano suggesting that the German objections to the mediation of the four Powers, a mediation that was strongly favored by Italy, might be removed by some change in the form of procedure.

I said that I had already anticipated this by asking the German Government to suggest any form of procedure under which the Italian Ambassador, the Austrian and Russian, already accepted by the German Government in principle, could be applied. I am, &c.,  
E. GREY.

No. 53.  
Telegrams Communicated by Count Berthold, July 30, 1914.

(1) Russian Ambassador at Vienna to M. Sazonoff.  
(Transcript)

Vienna, July 29 (29). 1914.  
I spoke to Count Berthold today in the course of your Excellency's instructions. In view of his notwithstanding, it was decided that, while consulting good relations between Austria and Russia, would give to the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy genuine guarantee for its future relations with Russia.

I drew Count Berthold's attention to all the dangers to the peace of Europe which would be involved by an armed conflict between Austria-Hungary and Russia.

Count Berthold replied that he was well aware of the gravity of the situation and of the advantages of a frank explanation with the St. Petersburg Government. He told me that the Austro-Hungarian Government had, with difficulty, agreed their will, on the energetic measures which they had taken against Servia, could no longer demand nor enter into any discussion on the terms of the Austro-Hungarian note.

Count Berthold added that the crisis had become so acute, and that public opinion had risen to such a pitch of excitement that the government, even in view of the fact that the note was to each a course. This was all the more impossible, he said, inasmuch as the Servian reply itself furnished proof of the insincerity of Servia's promise for the future.

M. Sazonoff to Count Berthold.  
(Telegraphic)

Vienna, July 29 (29). 1914.  
The German Ambassador informs me, in the name of the Chancellor, that Germany has not ceased to exercise a moderating influence at Vienna, and that the will continue to do so after the date of the note. Up to this morning there has been no news that the Austrian army has crossed the Servian frontier. I have begged the Ambassador to express my thanks to the Chancellor for the frank tenor of this communication.

I have informed him that the military measures taken by Russia, none of which I told him, were directed against Germany. I added that neither should they be taken as aggressive measures against Austria-Hungary. This action being the result of the greater part of the Austro-Hungarian note.

The Ambassador said that he was in favor of direct explanations between the Austrian Government and ourselves, and I replied that I, too, was quite willing,

but I did not wish it to be known to any person from him that he friendly took part in our behalf.

Count Berthold had, in his opinion, made a mistake in failing to give a frank explanation of his note, and, in my opinion, the best method of doing so would be to call a conference of the four powers, a proposal, with which, apparently, Germany was not in entire sympathy.

Count Berthold, in his opinion, the best method of doing so would be to call a conference of the four powers, a proposal, with which, apparently, Germany was not in entire sympathy.

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# England's Complete Diplomatic Correspondence

(Con. From Preceding Page)

the event of war ensuing, and he was therefore very doubtful whether they would return any answer at all. His Excellency, nevertheless, took note of your request.

It appears from what he said that German Government consider that certain hostilities have already been committed by Belgium. As an instance of this, he stated that a consignment of corn for Germany had been placed under an embargo already.

I hope to see his Excellency tomorrow again to discuss the matter further, but the prospect of obtaining a definite answer seems to me remote.

In speaking to me today the Chancellor made it clear that Germany would in any case desire to know the reply returned to you by the French Government.

\*See No. 114.

No. 122. Sir Edward Grey to Sir E. Goschen.

London, Foreign Office, Aug. 1, 1914.

Sir I told the German Ambassador today that the reply of the German Government with regard to the neutrality of Belgium was a matter of very great regret, because the neutrality of Belgium affected feelings in this country. If Germany could not give her the same assurance as that which had been given by France it would materially contribute to relieve anxiety and tension here. On the other hand, if there were a violation of the neutrality of Belgium by one country, it would be extremely difficult to restrain public feeling in this country. I said that we had been discussing this question at a cabinet meeting, and as I was authorized to tell him that I gave him a memorandum on the subject.

He asked me whether, if Germany gave a promise not to violate Belgium neutral, we would engage to remain neutral. I replied that I could not say that; our hands were still free, we were completely neutral. What our attitude would be determined largely by public opinion here, and that the neutrality of Belgium would appear very strongly to public opinion here. I did not think that we could give a promise of neutrality on that condition.

The Ambassador pressed me as to whether we could not formulate conditions on which we would remain neutral. He suggested that the integrity of France and her colonies might be guaranteed.

I said that I felt obliged to refuse definitely any promise to remain neutral on similar terms, and I could only say that we must keep our hands free. I am, etc.

E. GREY.

\*See No. 122.

No. 124. Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received August 1.)

(Telegraphic.)

Paris, July 31, 1914.

On the receipt at 8:20 tonight of your telegram of this afternoon, I sent a message to Minister for Foreign Affairs requesting to see him. He received me at 10:30 tonight at the Elysee, where his cabinet was then sitting. He took a note of the inquiry as to the respecting of the neutrality of Belgium which you instructed me to make.

He told me that a communication had been made to you by the German Ambassador in London on the question of Germany's right to order a general mobilization of her army if Russia do not demobilize at once. He is urgently anxious as to what the attitude of England will be in the circumstances, and begs an answer to be made as soon as possible. The government at the earliest moment possible.

Minister for Foreign Affairs also told me that the German Embassy is packing.

\*See No. 114.

No. 125. Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received August 1.)

(Telegraphic.)

Paris, July 31, 1914.

My immediate reply telegram.

Political Director has brought me the reply of the Minister of Foreign Affairs to your inquiry respecting the neutrality of Belgium. It is as follows:

French Government are resolved to respect the neutrality of Belgium, and it would only be in the event of some other power violating that neutrality that France might find herself under the necessity, in order to assure defense of her own security, to act otherwise. This assurance has been given by several Presidents of the Republic, spoke of it to the King of the Belgians, and the French Minister at Brussels has spontaneously renewed the assurance to the Belgian Minister for Foreign Affairs today.

\*See No. 124.

No. 126. Sir F. Bertie to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received August 1.)

(Telegraphic.)

Paris, July 31, 1914.

Political Director has brought me the reply of the Minister of Foreign Affairs to your inquiry respecting the neutrality of Belgium. It is as follows:

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\*See No. 124.

No. 127. Sir M. de Bunsen to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received August 1.)

(Telegraphic.)

Brussels, Aug. 1, 1914.

General mobilization of army and fleet.

No. 128. Sir F. Villiers to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received August 1.)

(Telegraphic.)

Brussels, Aug. 1, 1914.

Belgian neutrality.

The instructions conveyed in your telegram of yesterday have been acted upon.

Belgium expects and desires that other powers will observe and uphold her neutrality, which she intends to maintain to the utmost of her power. In so informing me, Minister for Foreign Affairs said that, in the event of their territories being invaded by their neighbors, they believed that they were in a position to defend themselves against invasion. The relations between Belgium and her neighbors were excellent, and there was no reason to suspect any hostile actions; but he thought it well, nevertheless, to be prepared against emergencies.

\*See No. 125.

No. 129. Minister of State, Luxembourg, to Sir Edward Grey.

(Received August 2.)

(Telegraphic.)

Luxembourg, Aug. 1, 1914.

The Luxembourg Minister of State to Sir Edward Grey, (Received August 1.)

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## Column 1

## Column 2

## Column 3

## Column 4

## Column 5

## Column 6

## Column 7

## Oakland Tribune

B. A. FORSTERER,  
Publisher and General Manager,  
Oakland American News and Tribune,  
Charter Member, Audit Bureau  
of Circulations.

Complete Associated Press  
Service for Greater Oakland.

TRIBUNE—1000 copies daily, Sunday  
morning, 10 a. m.; 1000 copies Sunday  
evening, 10 p. m.; 1000 copies Sunday  
evening, 10 p. m.; 1000 copies Sunday  
evening, 10 p. m.

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Two months, 1.00. Six months, 2.00.  
Three months, 1.00. Six months, 2.00.

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second class matter.

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to foreign countries: TRIBUNE, 1000  
copies, 10 p. m.; 1000 copies, 10 p. m.

Subscription rates for application.

## FRATERNAL DIRECTORY

## F. &amp; A. M.

## OAKLAND, 51—Masonic Temple

## 13th and Washington sts.

## OAKLAND, 10th—Sat. evening, Masonic

## Temple, 12th and Washington sts.

## SEQUOIA, 3rd—Tuesday, Masonic Tem-

## ple, 12th and Washington sts.

## SCOTTISH RITE BODIES

## Cathedral, 13th and Madison

## sts., Monday evening, Sept. 28,

## 1914. F. B. Ordens and

## T. W. Morris, presiding.

## ASHES TEMPLE

## 10th and 11th—Wednesday, 10 a. m.

## all Nobles welcome, Hotel

## Oakland, 12th-Alca.

## I. O. O. F.

## PORTER LODGE, No. 272, 1. o. o. f.

## meets Wednesday evening at Porte

## Lodge, 10th and 11th, 10 p. m.

## WATERLOO LODGE, No. 100, meets

## Tuesday evening, 8 p. m.

## I. O. O. F. M. U.

## Local Manchester Lodge No.

## 1055, meets every Tuesday evening,

## 8 p. m.

## KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

## Oakland Council No. 341, meets

## every 1st and 3rd Friday evening,

## between 8 and 9 p. m.

## KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

## Oakland Lodge, 103, K. of P.

## All members and visiting broth-

## ers requested to attend a recep-

## tion to the Grand Chancellor,

## Monday eve., Sept. 28, at Pyth-

## ian Castle, 1st fl., San Fran-

## cisco, Calif.

## KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES

## Phone Oakland 7305.

## Argonaut Tent No. 33, meets

## every Friday evening at Pacific

## Bldg., 16th and Jefferson

## sts., K. of P. Tent Com.

## MODERN WOODMEN

## CAMP, No. 722, meets

## every Friday evening at Pacific

## Bldg., 16th and Jefferson

## sts., K. of P. Tent Com.

## ORDERS OF SCOTTISH CLANS

## Clan Mac Donald No. 78.

## Meets every 2nd and 4th

## Friday evening at Loring Hall,

## 11th and Clay sts., K. of P. Tent Com.

## J. O. U. A. M.

## Custer Council No. 22, meets

## every Tuesday evening at Custer

## Hall, 1117 Webster st.

## OAKLAND LODGE, No. 327,

## LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE,

## meets every Friday night at

## Moose Hall, 12th and Clay sts.

## N. J. Hamilton Secy.

## SPECIAL NOTICES

## AA—WANT copying of photo plays,

## manuscripts, etc., cheap. Phone

## Oakland 4756.

## DOCTORS for men; strictly confidential;

## consultation free. Dr. Hall, 70 Broad-

## way, Webster, near 7th, Oakland.

## FORD delivery with my services, reasonable.

## GAS Consumers' Association wants your

## 419 15th and 16th, 12th and 13th sts.

## OAKLAND CALIFORNIA TOWEL CO.

## Towel service supplied. Phone Oak-

## land 5120. HOURS 9:30 A. M. to 4:30 P. M.

## OPENING FIRM WITH NOW. For full

## information and successful coaching see

## MR. HOFF, 1217 Hearst bldg., S. F.

## FOUND—Bay mare. Phone Merritt

## 5168.

## LOST—Hale's Saturday night leather

## bag, containing keys, bank books,

## paper; money no object; was taken

## from Hale's Saturday night bag.

## GARAGES FOR RENT—

## HAWTHORN REAL ESTATE,

## HAWTHORN REAL ESTATE,

## H



## Column 15

## MONEY TO LOAN

## Reliable Loan Co.

If you want a RELIABLE place to borrow money in small amounts, from \$2 to \$100, you will make no mistake by coming to us.

## Loans on Notes

Ladies may borrow on their own signatures. All transactions strictly confidential. Let us tell you more about us at our office. Our method is easy to understand.

## Reliable Loan Co.

522 FIFTEENTH STREET.  
Suite 402-4 Daniel Bldg.  
Between Clay and Washington stas.  
Phone Oakland 5152.

## Opportunities

## Demand Money

If they did not we would all be rich. Should an opportunity be presenting itself now clinch it.

They don't present themselves every day and you, by our ad, can handle it.

Our out-and-out system of loaning cannot be questioned and has aided thousands on such occasions.

OUR MESSAGE  
To housekeepers of Alameda County, we will loan you money for opportunities, to help you in your business, or any other purpose let us advance you the desired amount on your plain note.

CALL ON US.

Let us explain more fully our method of loaning. No building contracts to sign. Our is simple and to the point. If you cannot call, phone for our representative to call on you free of charge.

PHONE OAKLAND 2910.

## INDEPENDENT LOAN COMPANY

SUITE 201-202 PANTAGES THEATRE  
BLDG., 408 12TH STREET.

## PROTECT YOUR CREDIT

To owners of household furniture, pianos, etc. we wish to see that credit is established and as good as a hand in time of need. Our rates are best in city, consistent with sound business policies which protect your interests and saves you money. See us today or ring up and our representative will call upon you.

## CENTRAL LOAN CO.

Room 201 First Natl. Bank Bldg.  
Fourth and Broadway.

PHONE OAKLAND 6950.

## Private Loans

It costs you nothing to investigate our savings and loan plan. We make loans to everybody. No honest person refused.

Largest and smallest. Lowest rates easiest payments. Everything strictly confidential.

## Security Finance Co.

102 Plaza Bldg., 15th and Washington sts.

## 2% Per Month

Loans on dinner, jewelry or anything of value at 2 per cent per mo.; no other charges; confidential no furniture loans.

EDIFILTY LOAN & MORTGAGE CO.

201-203 Plaza Bldg., 15th and Washington

Oakland's new remedial institution.

## Salaried People

Get cheapest rates, best and most accurate terms without security, today, of course.

## MR. DRAKE

Room 201, Com. Bldg., 408 12th st., Oak.

Room 201, 845 Market st., S. F.

Street car, railroads \$35.

and all salaried people \$35.

Automobiles, electric-mechanical \$35.

Miss De Pan, 1933 1/2 Plaza, 11th st.

ALICE SWAN, massage, 181, Edie st., near Hillman. Apt. 205, 3rd floor. S. F.

ALICE VAN ALLEN, masseuse, 315 Kearns st., room 2, S. F.

BATH with vibratory massage, 530 23rd st., Apt. 28, upper floor.

FOR SALE—Massage parlors; best location in San Francisco; rent \$300 to \$2000 a year.

LONDON manufacturing and scalp treatment, 315 Kearns st., Apt. 4, S. F.

MISS HOLLIDAY, massage, electrical treatments, 343 Edie st., room 21, S. F.

MISS ABBOT—Massage, 312 Leavenworth, Apt. 55, with floor. S. F.

MASSAGE—New management; private train, 484 Edie st., S. F.

MISS LA RUE, bath, massage and mani-curing, 212 Leavenworth, Apt. 42, S. F.

MISS POTTER—Scientific mass., magnetic treats, 34 Edie st., room 201, S. F.; open Sun.

MISS DAVIS—Baths, alcohol bath, 83 Edie st., S. F.; office 202 1/2 Plaza.

AT California's largest pawnbrokers, B. H. real loans on diamonds, jewelry, real skins, furs, etc. Bank rates; ladies with no credit, no collateral, no security, no papers on the premises. Phone Oakland 2621.

CALIFORNIA LOAN OFFICE.

555 Broadway, corner 4th, Oakland.

PIANOS ETC.

LOANS on Furniture—AS APPLIED FOR—

and the like, to you or our interest.

in the way, lower to be in business strictly confidential.

If you wish we will be glad to call upon you to explain our easy method in obtaining a loan and paying same. In doing business with us you have money. Call write or phone.

Keystone Brokerage Co.

470 st. room 12, bet Broadway and

Washington; phone Oakland 6194.

LEGAL—Interest on furniture loans; 5% at room 22, 1007 Plaza, Oakland 2418.

MONEY loaned salaried people and others upon their own name; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Powers & Co. room 2, 470 st., S. F., Oakland.

MONEY TO LOAN  
REAL ESTATE

AA—TO LOAN

\$500, \$1000, \$1200, \$1500.

\$2000.

## R. W. Koch

320 E. 14th st., Oakland.

I HAVE READY MONEY ALWAYS

TO LOAN—On Real Estate.

E. H. LOHMANN

213 Union Savings Bank Building,

13th and Broadway; phone Oakland 1342.

LOANS—Real estate, diamonds, \$100 55% st. near Grove; phone Piedmont 2991.

## Quick Loans

from \$25 to \$10,000.

STAT-AMERICAN FINANCIAL CO.

10 Broadway, phone Oakland 4521.

LOANS on real estate any amount, A. N. McDonald, 711 Bacon Bldg., Oak. 3842.

Quick Real Estate Loans

See A. H. McDonald, 404 14th st.,

Real Bonds & Finance Co.

10 Broadway, phone Oakland 4521.

Real Estate Loans

any amount, ready at 6% and 7%.

Koenig & Kroll, 404 14th st.,

Oakland.

LOANS—Long time, low, simple interest loans to buy, build and improve property or pay off high interest mortgages can be secured through contracts of relatives; companies; easy monthly return payments can be paid off at any time.

fees, we handle them. Pacific Securities Exchange, 812 Mills Bldg., S. F.

WE buy and sell loan contracts. Pacific Securities Co., 812 Mills Bldg., S. F.

Job Printing at THE TRIBUNE Office.

## Column 16

## MONEY TO LOAN

REAL ESTATE—(Continued)

Plenty of money; quick action.

Ensign & Mitchell

305-6 First National Bank Bldg., Oak. 3842.

Any amount from \$100 to \$10,000 on real estate; no delay; rates 6% and 7%.

Have money on hand at all times.

## George W. Austin

104 Broadway, at 14th st.,

PHONE OAKLAND 981.

Ladies may borrow on their own signatures. All transactions strictly confidential. Let us tell you more about us at our office. Our method is easy to understand.

## Reliable Loan Co.

If you want a RELIABLE place to borrow money in small amounts, from \$2 to \$100, you will make no mistake by coming to us.

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money in small amounts, from \$2 to \$100, you will make no mistake by coming to us.

Loans on Notes

Ladies may borrow on their own signatures. All transactions strictly confidential. Let us tell you more about us at our office. Our method is easy to understand.

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## The Pianola Is Needed In Your Home

Mr. Business Man—you need the Pianola—you will enjoy a short every-evening period of recreation and mental refreshment by playing (yourself) everything is the realm of music.

Give your children the opportunity of knowing good music—help them in their music study—they, too, will soon play the masterpieces.

Your wife and friends will share your pleasure—they, too, will play—as well as enjoying the playing of yourself and children.

The Pianola will put Music into your home—not music played to you, but by you.

Never has the Pianola been so fine, so perfect, so economical and so easy to buy. Why not at least investigate?

**Sherman Clay & Co.**

STEINWAY AND WERK PIANOS VICTROLAS AND RECORDS SHEET MUSIC AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE—PIANOLAS

Fourteenth and Clay Streets, Oakland

Kearny and Sutter Sts., San Francisco.

## JACKIE ON SHORE LEAVE SMOKES IN BED; IS RESCUED

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—After trying vainly to climb through a transom at 3 o'clock this morning, William Peters, a sailor on the U. S. gunboat Hopkins, was rescued from a burning room at the Hotel Clay, 621 Clay street. Peters was overcome by smoke and his hands were badly cut by the glass of the transom. He was taken to the hospital.

The sailor went to sleep smoking a cigarette. When he awoke his bed was smoking and the smoke was thick with smoke. Go to the door he groped for the key, but was unable to turn the lock. Taking the dresser he forced it to the door and smashed the transom. The aperture was too small for him to make his way through, but his excited cries were heard by Gustave Hards, the proprietor, who, with the aid of Corporal Farrell and Patrolman Hyland, broke in and rescued him. When the officers finally gained entrance Peters was unconscious on the floor.

**CAT-LIKE PAUL SAVES  
EX-FUGITIVISTS LIFE.**

Al Neil, former prize fighter and well known to ringside fans a few years ago, tumbled from a window at Eighteenth and Castro streets, this morning and had a fortunate escape from death or serious injury. Neil is a painter and he was taking down some of the decorations displayed in honor of the Eureka Valley Carnival when he missed his footing. He fell feet foremost and incurred only a fractured ankle, caused by his hand striking the sidewalk after his feet and hands had broken the fall. He was taken to the emergency hospital.

**MAN SCORCHES INJURY;  
DIES IN CONSEQUENCE.**

As the result of what he believed to be a minor injury, Richard Cummings, stableman of 1420 Broderick street, died this morning. Cummings was working in the Greater San Francisco Stable, 2723 Post street, at midnight, when a horse kicked him in the side. He went home suffering considerable pain, but refused to call a physician, saying he would be all right in the morning. He was 50 years old.

**DROPS CANDLE IN HER  
BEDROOM; SUCCUMBS.**

As the result of horrible burns suffered in a fire in her home last night, Mrs. Mary Smith of 277 Anderson street, sister of former Police Sergeant Charles Bush, died today at the central emergency hospital. The woman dropped a candle in her bedroom, the flame setting fire to her nightgown. In a moment the fire completely enveloped her and she was burned from head to feet.

**Chamberlain's Co-Cope Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy.**

"I advised the 'boys' when they entered for the Spanish War to take Chamberlain's Co-Cope Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy with them. And we received many thanks for the advice given," writes J. H. Houghland, Elton, Iowa. "No person, whether traveling or at home, should be without this great remedy." For sale by Gagod Bros. Drug Stores.

**WOMAN DISAPPEARS.**

Mrs. Frank Keller, 683 Fell street, has disappeared with her 3-year-old son, and the police have been asked by her to assist in the search for the woman. Mrs. Keller disappeared September 12. Keller told the police that he had had no trouble in his home and that he was unable to explain his wife's disappearance.

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